
UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 6-K

**REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-16 OR 15d-16 UNDER THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the month of October 2025

Commission File Number: 001-41730

Corporación Inmobiliaria Vesta, S.A.B. de C.V.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Paseo de los Tamarindos No. 90,
Torre II, Piso 28, Col. Bosques de las
Lomas
Cuajimalpa, C.P. 05120
Mexico City
United Mexican States
+52 (55) 5950-0070
(Address of principal executive office)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F:

Form 20-F

 X

Form 40-F

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EXHIBIT

<u>99.1</u>	<u>Press release dated October 23, 2025 – Vesta Q3 2025 Earnings Results</u>
<u>99.2</u>	<u>Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements as of June 30, 2025 and for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2025 and 2024</u>

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Corporación Inmobiliaria Vesta, S.A.B. de C.V.

By: /s/ Juan Felipe Sottit Achutegui

Name: Juan Felipe Sottit Achutegui

Title: Chief Financial Officer

Date: October 23, 2025

vesta

Q3

2025 EARNINGS RESULTS

Conference Call

Friday October 24, 2025
9:00 a.m. (Mexico City Time)
11:00 a.m. (Eastern Time)

To participate in the conference call please connect via webcast or by dialing:

International Toll-Free: **+1 (888) 350-3870**
International Toll: **+1 (646) 960-0308**
International Numbers: **<https://events.q4irportal.com/custom/access/2324/>**
Participant Code: **1849111**

Webcast: **<https://events.q4inc.com/attendee/463630198>**

The replay will be available two hours after the call had ended and can be accessed from Vesta's IR website.

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Mexico City, October 23, 2025 – Corporación Inmobiliaria Vesta S.A.B. de C.V., (“Vesta”, or the “Company”) (BMV: VESTA; NYSE: VTMX), a leading industrial real estate company in Mexico, today announced results for the third quarter ended September 30, 2025. All figures included herein were prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), which differs in certain significant respects from U.S. GAAP. This information should be read in conjunction with, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to, Vesta's consolidated financial statements, including the notes thereto. Vesta's financial results are stated in US dollars unless otherwise noted.

Q3 2025 Highlights

- Vesta has revised its full year 2025 guidance: EBITDA margin is expected to reach 84.5%, an increase from prior guidance of 83.5%, reflecting the Company's continued expense control discipline. Per previously issued guidance, revenue and adjusted NOI margin are expected to be solidly achieved between 10.0-11.0% and 94.5%, respectively.
- Vesta delivered strong financial results for the third quarter 2025: total income reached US\$ 72.4 million; a 13.7% year over year increase, while total income excluding energy reached US\$ 69.9 million; a 14.5% increase compared to US\$ 61.1 million in the third quarter 2024. Third quarter 2025 Adjusted NOI¹ margin and Adjusted EBITDA² margin reached 94.4% and 85.3%, respectively.
- Vesta FFO reached US\$ 47.4 million for the third quarter 2025; a 16.5% increase compared to US\$ 40.7 million in the third quarter 2024, while Vesta FFO per share reached US\$ 0.055; a 20.1% year over year increase.
- Third quarter 2025 leasing activity reached 1.7 million sf: 600 thousand sf in new contracts with existing and new Vesta tenants in the electronics, e-commerce and automotive sectors reflecting improving market dynamics, and 1.1 million sf in lease renewals with an average weighted lease life of approximately six years. Vesta began construction on one new building in Guadalajara and delivered 1.3 million sf of new buildings during the third quarter 2025. Vesta's third quarter 2025 stabilized portfolio occupancy reached 94.3%.
- Third quarter 2025 renewals and re-leasing reached 1.2 million sf with a trailing twelve-month weighted average spread of 12.4%. Same-store NOI increased by 2.4% year over year.
- On September 30, 2025, the Company announced the successful closing of US\$ 500 million senior unsecured notes at a 5.50% interest rate due 2033, strengthening Vesta's balance sheet, providing financial flexibility and enabling continued execution of Vesta's long term strategy, also with progress towards a fully unsecured capital structure. The issuance received a credit rating of BBB-/Positive by both S&P Global Ratings and Fitch. A portion of the proceeds will be used to prepay existing debt and subsequent to the quarter's end, on October 9, 2025, Vesta paid its Metlife II credit facility and related incremental facility of US\$ 150 million and US\$ 26.6 million, respectively.
- During the third quarter Vesta sold an 80,604 square foot building in Ciudad Juarez for US\$ 5.5 million- an approximately 10% premium to appraisal value- aligned with Vesta's strategy to opportunistically recycle assets.
- Subsequent to quarter's end, on October 22, 2025, Vesta acquired 330 acres of land in Monterrey, in the high-demand Monterrey-Apodaca Airport Highway corridor, with an initial payment of US\$ 46.9 million, equivalent to 50% of the total price. The deal included 2-year seller financing, providing flexible capital deployment. The site benefits from a strategic location next to the Monterrey International Airport and Nuevo León's Research and Technology Innovation Park, offering exceptional connectivity and direct access to a highly skilled labor pool. With this acquisition, Vesta has secured almost all of the land required to deliver the Company's Route 2030.
- Vesta paid US\$ 17.4 million in dividends for the third quarter of 2025, equivalent to MXN\$ 0.3751 per ordinary share, on October 15, 2025.

¹ Adjusted NOI and Adjusted NOI Margin calculations have been modified, please refer to Notes and Disclaimers.

² Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin calculations have been modified, please refer to Notes and Disclaimers.

Financial Indicators (million)	9 months					
	Q3 2025	Q3 2024	Chg. %	2025	2024	Chg. %
Total Rental Income	72.4	63.7	13.7	206.8	187.3	10.4
Total Revenues (-) Energy	69.9	61.1	14.5	200.3	180.8	10.8
Adjusted NOI	66.1	57.6	14.7	190.0	171.5	10.8
Adjusted NOI Margin %	94.4%	94.3%		94.9%	94.9%	
Adjusted EBITDA	59.7	51.9	15.0	170.0	152.0	11.9
Adjusted EBITDA Margin %	85.3%	85.0%		84.9%	84.1%	
EBITDA Per Share	0.0696	0.0587	18.5	0.1973	0.1705	15.7
Total Comprehensive Income	27.6	43.4	(36.3)	71.3	276.7	(74.2)
Vesta FFO	47.4	40.7	16.5	135.5	118.3	14.6
Vesta FFO Per Share	0.0552	0.0460	2010.5	0.1573	0.1327	1856.2
Vesta FFO (-) Tax Expense	41.5	35.2	18.0	115.3	87.9	31.2
Vesta FFO (-) Tax Expense Per Share	0.0484	0.0398	21.7	0.1339	0.0986	35.8
Diluted EPS	0.0322	0.0490	(34.4)	0.0828	0.3104	(73.3)
Shares (average)	858.3	884.8	(3.0)	861.4	891.3	(3.4)

- Third quarter 2025 total revenues reached US\$ 72.4 million; a 13.7% year on year increase from US\$ 63.7 million in the third quarter 2024. Total revenues excluding energy increased to US\$ 69.9 million; a 14.5% year on year increase from US\$ 61.1 million in 2024 due to US\$ 7.8 million in new revenue-generating contracts and a US\$ 1.9 million inflationary favorably impact on third quarter 2025 results.
- Third quarter 2025 Adjusted Net Operating Income (Adjusted NOI) increased 14.7% to US\$ 66.1 million, compared to US\$ 57.6 million in the third quarter 2024. The third quarter 2025 Adjusted NOI margin was 94.4%; a 16-basis-point year on year increase due to higher rental income while the proportion of costs relative to rental income decreased, resulting in a higher margin.
- Adjusted EBITDA for the quarter increased 15.0% to US\$ 59.7 million, as compared to US\$ 51.9 million in the third quarter 2024. The Adjusted EBITDA margin was 85.3%; a 34-basis-point increase primarily due to higher revenue during the quarter, while administrative expenses as a percentage of rental income declined due to Vesta's continued expense control discipline.
- Third quarter 2025 Vesta funds from operations after tax (Vesta FFO (-) Tax Expense) increased to US\$ 41.5 million, from US\$ 35.2 million for the same period in 2024. Vesta FFO after tax per share was US\$ 0.0484 for the third quarter 2025 compared with US\$ 0.0398 for the same period in 2024; a 21.7% increase. This increase is due to higher EBITDA as well as fewer shares outstanding in the third quarter 2025. Third quarter 2025 Vesta FFO excluding current tax was US\$ 47.4 million compared to US\$ 40.7 million in the third quarter 2024 due to an increase in third quarter 2025 profit compared to the same period in 2024.
- Third quarter 2025 total comprehensive income was US\$ 27.6 million versus a US\$ 43.4 million gain in the third quarter 2024, primarily due to lower gain on revaluation and higher taxes during the third quarter 2025.
- The total value of Vesta's investment property portfolio was US\$ 3.9 billion as of September 30, 2025; a 5.9% increase compared to US\$ 3.7 billion at the end of December 31, 2024.

Letter from the CEO

Leasing Momentum with Strategic Progress Towards Route 2030 Goals

The third quarter closed with signs that Mexico's industrial real estate market dynamics are strengthening. While trade policy uncertainty slowed leasing activity, after Liberation Day, we're now seeing welcome improvement. Leasing momentum returned in the third quarter with recovering absorption, healthy vacancy rates, market rents remain stable and limited supply reflecting more disciplined development. We're also seeing increased interest from clients, another encouraging sign that companies are resuming their long-term commitments.

So despite an ever-changing environment, the relevance of Vesta's premium quality buildings located in Mexico's most important industrial corridors -also with coveted access to energy- can't be overstated. We've taken important measures throughout the year to ensure we're well positioned to capture the opportunities we're seeing in the future ahead, as we believe 2026 will be a year with development starts on projects in Vesta's important anchor markets. We've made related land acquisitions throughout the year, and expect to end 2025 with most of the land required to deliver our Route 2030 strategy. The US\$ 500 million senior unsecured note transaction completed on September 30 (at a 5.50% interest rate) bolsters our balance sheet, ensuring ample capacity to execute our long-term growth strategy and furthering our transition toward a fully unsecured capital structure.

Total leasing activity for third quarter 2025 reached 1.7 million square feet; around 600 thousand square feet in new leasing activity and 1.1 million square feet represented renewals with an average age of six years and a trailing last twelve months weighted average spread of 12.4%. Vesta ended the third quarter with a stabilized portfolio that reached 94.3% occupancy, in line with historical years while our total portfolio reached 89.7%, and same-store ended the quarter at 94.8%. Third quarter occupancy dipped primarily due to the delivery of new buildings currently in the lease-up phase. We're confident that absorption will follow, and that this positions us well to capture the demand we anticipate later this year and into 2026 given improving demand indicators.

Regarding our development pipeline, I'm pleased to share that we've resumed activity after our deliberate pause in new development starts earlier in the year. During the third quarter we began construction on a 376,000 sq. ft. building at Vesta Park Guadalajara. As I had noted, further construction is expected to resume in anchor markets as demand strengthens.

Vesta also delivered strong financial results: total income reached US\$ 72.4 million; a 13.7% year over year increase, while total income excluding energy reached US\$ 69.9 million; a 14.5% increase compared to US\$ 61.1 million in the third quarter 2024. Third quarter 2025 Adjusted NOI margin and Adjusted EBITDA margin reached 94.4% and 85.3%, respectively. Vesta FFO reached US\$ 47.4 million for the third quarter 2025; a 16.5% increase compared to US\$ 40.7 million in the third quarter 2024, while Vesta FFO per share reached US\$ 0.055; a 20.1% year over year increase.

We have updated Vesta's 2025 guidance, increasing our EBITDA margin expectations to now reach 84.5%, an increase from prior guidance of 83.5%, reflecting our continued expense control discipline. We continue to expect 2025 revenues to increase between 10.0-11.0% with a 94.5% Adjusted NOI margin, as previously stated.

While the USMCA review is still more than a year away, it's important to note that Mexico faces both challenges and opportunities in shaping the next phase of its trade strategy. The U.S. administration has signaled the need to rebalance certain aspects of its economic relationships, which could result in a complex negotiation process ahead for everyone involved. But it's also an opportunity for meaningful progress, enabling Mexico to consolidate its role as a key partner and strategic hub within North America's evolving trade landscape.

Despite the uncertainty that defines the current global and regional landscape, we have remained agile and proactive in anticipating, identifying and seizing opportunities- guided by the clearly defined strategic roadmap which will drive Vesta's growth in the years ahead. Our deep local market experience, client relationships and premier portfolio enable Vesta to navigate market uncertainty, as we respond and adapt to evolving client needs and shifting economic conditions. Vesta has demonstrated resilience, and today we're leveraging our strong balance sheet and competitive advantages to ensure we seize opportunities with a resurgence of demand, aligned with our vision to build for the future.

Thank you for your continued support,
Lorenzo D. Berho
CEO



Third Quarter Financial Summary

Consolidated Statutory Accounts

The accompanying consolidated condensed interim financial statements have been prepared based on International Accounting Standards (IFRS), which differs in certain significant respects from U.S. GAAP. This information should be read in conjunction with, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to, our financial consolidated statements, including the notes thereto and are stated in US dollars unless otherwise noted.

All consolidated financial statements have been prepared using an historical cost basis, excluding investment properties and financial instruments at the end of each reporting period. Historical cost is largely based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. Third quarter 2025 results are presented in comparison to the same period of the prior year and on an adjusted basis based on the same accounting rules.

Revenues

				9 months		
Consolidated Interim and Annual Statements of Profit and Other Comprehensive Income (million)	Q3 2025	Q3 2024	Chg. %	2025	2024	Chg. %
Revenues						
Rental income	66.0	58.4	13.1	188.9	171.9	9.9
Reimbursable building services	3.9	2.7	44.3	11.4	8.5	33.6
Energy Income	2.5	2.6	(5.1)	6.5	6.5	(0.1)
Management Fees	0.0	0.0	na	0.0	0.4	(92.4)
Total Revenues	72.4	63.7	13.7	206.8	187.3	10.4
Total Operating Property Costs	(8.2)	(6.5)	27.1	(20.0)	(17.2)	16.2
Related to properties that generate rental income	(7.2)	(5.7)	27.4	(17.3)	(14.9)	15.7
Costs related to properties	(3.9)	(3.5)	11.4	(10.3)	(9.2)	11.0
Costs related to energy	(3.3)	(2.2)	53.1	(7.0)	(5.7)	23.3
Related to properties that did not generate rental income	(1.0)	(0.8)	25.1	(2.7)	(2.2)	20.0
Adjusted Net Operating Income	66.1	57.6	14.7	190.0	171.5	10.8

Vesta's third quarter 2025 total revenues increased 13.7% to US\$ 72.4 million, from US\$ 63.7 million in the third quarter 2024. The US\$ 8.7 million rental revenue increase was primarily due to: [i] a US\$ 7.8 million, or 12.3%, increase from space rented in the third quarter of 2025 which had previously been vacant in the third quarter of 2024; [ii] a US\$ 1.9 million, or 2.9%, increase related to inflationary adjustments on rented property in the third quarter of 2025, [iii] US\$ 1.2 million increase in other income reflecting reimbursements for expenses paid by Vesta on behalf of clients that are not recorded as rental revenue; [iv] a US\$ 0.1 million, or 0.2%, increase in rental income due to the conversion of peso-denominated rental income into U.S. dollars; and [v] US\$ 0.01 million fee from tenant improvement paid to Vesta.

These results were partially offset by: [i] a US\$ 2.0 million, or 3.1%, decrease related to lease agreements which expired and were not renewed during the third quarter 2025; [ii] US\$ 0.2 million, or 0.3%, decrease related to lease agreements which were renewed during the third quarter 2025 at a lower rental rate in order to extend certain clients' short term renewal option to a longer term lease agreement; and [iii] a US\$ 0.1 million decrease in energy income.

89.4% of Vesta's third quarter 2025 rental revenues were U.S. dollar denominated and indexed to the U.S. Consumer Price Index (CPI), an increase from 89.2% in the third quarter 2024. Contracts denominated in pesos are adjusted annually based on the equivalent Mexican Consumer Price Index, the "Indice Nacional de Precios al Consumidor" (INPC).

Property Operating Costs

Vesta's third quarter 2025 total operating costs reached US\$ 8.2 million, compared to US\$ 6.5 million in the third quarter 2024; a US\$ 1.8 million, or 27.1%, increase due to increased costs related to both rental income generating properties and non generating income properties.

During the third quarter 2025, costs related to investment properties generating rental revenues amounted to US\$ 7.2 million, compared to US\$ 5.7 million for the same period in 2024. This was primarily attributable to an increase in costs related to real estate taxes, insurance costs, maintenance, and other property related expenses, while third quarter 2025 energy-related costs increased by 53.1% to US\$ 3.3 million from US\$ 2.2 million during the third quarter 2024.

Costs from investment properties which did not generate rental revenues during the third quarter 2025 increased by US\$ 0.2 million, to US\$ 1.0 million. This was primarily due to an increase in real estate taxes, insurance costs, maintenance and other property related expenses as a result of higher vacancy rates at Vesta Parks compared to 2024.

Adjusted Net Operating Income (Adjusted NOI) ³

Third quarter Adjusted Net Operating Income increased 14.7% to US\$ 66.1 million year on year with a 16 basis-points NOI margin increase, to 94.4%. This increase was due to increased revenues while the proportion of costs relative to rental income decreased, resulting in a higher margin.

General and Administrative Expenses

9 months						
Consolidated Interim and Annual Statements of Profit and Other Comprehensive Income (million)	Q3 2025	Q3 2024	Chg. %	2025	2024	Chg. %
General and Administrative Expenses	(7.8)	(7.0)	11.8	(24.4)	(24.3)	0.7
Stock- based Compensation Expenses	2.5	2.1	15.3	7.1	7.0	2.2
Depreciation	(0.5)	(0.4)	16.3	(1.2)	(0.9)	38.3
Adjusted EBITDA	59.7	51.9	15.0	170.0	152.0	11.9

Third quarter 2025 general and administrative expenses totaled US\$ 7.8 million, compared to US\$ 7.0 million in the third quarter of 2024; an 11.8% increase. The increase is primarily due to an increase in auditing, legal and consulting expenses, employee benefits and other administrative expenses.

Expenses related to the share-based payment of Vesta's compensation plan amounted to US\$ 2.5 million for the third quarter of 2025. For detailed information on Vesta's expenses, please see Note 18 within the Company's Financial Statements.

Depreciation

Third quarter 2025 depreciation was US\$ 0.5 million, a slight increase compared to US\$ 0.4 million in the third quarter of 2024. This amount reflects office space and equipment depreciation as well as the amortization of Vesta's operating systems.

¹. NOI and NOI Margin calculations have been modified, please refer to *Notes and Disclaimers*.

Adjusted EBITDA ⁴

Third quarter 2025 Adjusted EBITDA increased by 15.0% to US\$ 59.7 million, from US\$ 51.9 million in the third quarter 2024, with a 34-basis-points EBITDA margin increase to 85.3%, as compared to 85.0% for the same period in 2024. This margin increase was due to higher profit and a lower proportion of administrative expenses in relation to revenues during the third quarter 2025.

Other Income and Expense

Consolidated Interim and Annual Statements of Profit and Other Comprehensive Income (million)	9 months					
	Q3 2025	Q3 2024	Chg. %	2025	2024	Chg. %
Other Income and Expenses						
Interest income	0.7	4.0	(83.7)	2.0	13.1	(84.54)
Other income	1.2	1.4	(12.8)	3.7	3.4	7.29
Other expense	(0.6)	(0.9)	(30.6)	(2.1)	(4.3)	(52.41)
Transaction cost on debt issuance	0.0	0.0	na	0.0	0.0	na
Interest expense	(12.3)	(11.2)	9.4	(34.5)	(33.7)	2.28
Exchange gain (loss)	2.4	(4.3)	(156.4)	8.7	(10.0)	(186.88)
Share of results of associates	0.0	0.0	na	0.0	0.0	na
Gain from properties sold	0.4	0.0	na	0.0	0.3	(103.98)
Gain on revaluation of investment properties	4.8	24.0	(80.0)	(3.4)	231.4	(101.48)
Total other income (expenses)	(3.5)	12.9	(126.7)	(25.6)	200.2	(112.79)

Total third quarter 2025 other expense reached US\$ 3.5 million, compared to US\$ 12.9 million in other income at the end of the third quarter 2024, a decrease primarily due to a decreased gain on revaluation of investment properties, lower interest income and higher interest expense, partially offset by a positive variance in exchange gain.

Third quarter 2025 interest income decreased to US\$ 0.7 million year on year, from US\$ 4.0 million in the third quarter 2024, due to a lower interest-generating cash position during the third quarter 2025 as compared to the same quarter last year.

Third quarter 2025 other income resulted in a US\$ 1.2 million gain due to the net result of the Company's other accounting income.

Third quarter 2025 other expense resulted in a US\$ 0.6 million expense, which reflects net result of the Company's other accounting expenses.

Third quarter 2025 interest expense increased to US\$ 12.3 million, from US\$ 11.2 million for the same quarter in 2024, reflecting a higher debt balance compared to last year's third quarter.

Vesta's third quarter 2025 foreign exchange gain was US\$ 2.4 million, compared to a US\$ 4.3 million loss in third quarter 2024. This gain relates primarily to a sequential currency movement in Vesta's dollar-denominated debt balance during third quarter 2025 within WTN, the Company's only subsidiary that uses the Mexican peso as its functional currency.

Third quarter 2025 valuation of investment properties resulted in a US\$ 4.8 million gain, compared to a US\$ 24.0 million gain in the third quarter of 2024. This year-on-year decrease was due to lower number of properties started during the year, nonetheless the started of one building in Guadalajara the investment in infrastructure and the changes in metrics by one of the appraisers impacted favorably the quarter.

². EBITDA and EBITDA Margin calculations have been modified, please refer to *Notes and Disclaimers*.

Profit Before Income Taxes

Consolidated Interim and Annual Statements of Profit and Other Comprehensive Income (million)	9 months					
	Q3 2025	Q3 2024	Chg. %	2025	2024	Chg. %
Profit Before Income Taxes	52.4	62.7	(16.4)	135.5	345.1	(60.7)
Income Tax Expense	(27.4)	(10.7)	156.2	(67.9)	(59.0)	15.1
Current Tax	(5.9)	(5.5)	6.9	(20.2)	(30.4)	(33.5)
Deferred Tax	(21.6)	(5.2)	314.6	(47.7)	(28.6)	66.8
Profit for the Period	25.0	52.0	(52.0)	67.6	286.2	(76.4)
Valuation of derivative financial instruments	0.0	0.0	na	0.0	0.0	na
Exchange differences on translating other functional currency operations	2.6	(8.6)	(130.6)	3.7	(9.5)	(139.2)
Total Comprehensive Income for the period	27.6	43.4	(36.3)	71.3	276.7	(74.2)

Due to the above factors, third quarter 2025 profit before income tax reached US\$ 52.4 million, compared to US\$ 62.7 million for the same quarter last year.

Income Tax Expense

Vesta reported a US\$ 27.4 million income tax expense in the third quarter 2025, compared to a US\$ 10.7 million expense in third quarter 2024.

In order to calculate the income tax expense for each quarter of the year, the Company estimated 2025 ETR considering stable balances, the statutory rate, the effects of expected exchange rates on tax balances and the expected effects of inflation.

Third Quarter 2025 Profit

Due to the above, the Company's third quarter 2025 profit was US\$ 25.0 million, compared to US\$ 52.0 million profit in the third quarter 2024.

Total Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the Period

Vesta closed the third quarter 2025 with US\$ 27.6 million in total comprehensive income, compared to a US\$ 43.4 million gain at the end of the third quarter of 2024, due to the above factors. This comprehensive income was partially increased by a US\$ 2.6 million gain in exchange differences when translating other functional currency operations.

Funds from Operations (FFO)

FFO Reconciliation (million)	Q3 2025	Q3 2024	Chg. %	9 months		
				2025	2024	Chg. %
Profit for the year	25.0	52.0	(52.0)	67.6	286.2	(76.4)
Gain on revaluation of investment properties	(4.8)	(24.0)	(80.0)	3.4	(231.4)	(101.5)
Gain in properties sold	(0.4)	0.0	na	0.0	(0.3)	na
FFO	19.8	28.0	(29.4)	71.1	54.5	30.3
Stock- based Compensation Expenses	2.5	2.1	15.3	7.1	7.0	2.2
Exchange Gain (Loss)	(2.4)	4.3	(156.4)	(8.7)	10.0	(186.9)
Depreciation	0.5	0.4	16.3	1.2	0.9	38.3
Other income	(1.2)	(1.4)	(12.8)	(3.7)	(3.4)	7.3
Other income energy	0.6	0.9	(30.6)	2.1	4.3	(52.4)
Energy	0.9	(0.4)	(298.6)	0.5	(0.8)	(159.9)
Share of results of associates	0.0	0.0	na	0.0	0.0	na
Interest income	(0.7)	(4.0)	(83.7)	(2.0)	(13.1)	(84.5)
Income Tax Expense	27.4	10.7	156.2	67.9	59.0	na
Vesta FFO	47.4	40.7	16.5	135.5	118.3	14.6
Vesta FFO per share	0.0552	0.0460	20.1	0.1573	0.1327	18.6
Current Tax	(5.9)	(5.5)	6.9	(20.2)	(30.4)	na
Vesta FFO (-) Tax Expense	41.5	35.2	18.0	115.3	87.9	31.2
Vesta FFO (-) Tax Expense per share	0.0484	0.0398	21.7	0.1339	0.0986	35.8

Third quarter 2025 Vesta Funds from Operations (Vesta FFO (-) Tax Expense) after tax expense resulted in a US\$ 41.5 million, or US\$ 0.0484 per share, gain compared with a US\$ 35.2 million, or US\$ 0.0398 per share, gain for third quarter 2024.

Vesta FFO for the third quarter 2025 reached US\$ 47.4 million; a 16.5% increase compared with US\$ 40.7 million in third quarter 2024, while Vesta FFO per share reached US\$ 0.0552 per share during the third quarter 2025, an 20.1% increase compared to last year's third quarter.

Capex

Investing activities during the third quarter of 2025 were primarily related to payments for works in progress in the construction of new buildings in the Northern, Bajio and Central regions, as well as land bank purchases and infrastructure expenses during the quarter, resulting in a US\$ 56.7 million total expense.

Debt

As of September 30, 2025, the Company's overall balance of debt was US\$ 1,445.2 million, of which US\$ 166.3 million is related to short-term liabilities and US\$ 1,278.9 million is related to long-term liabilities. The secured portion of the debt is approximately 20.4% of total debt and is guaranteed by some of the Company's investment properties, as well as by the related income derived from these properties. As of third quarter 2025, 100% of Vesta's debt was denominated in US dollars and 89.6% of its interest rate was fixed.

Stabilized Portfolio

Vesta currently reports stabilized portfolio occupancy and same store occupancy as management believes these metrics are useful indicators of the performance of the Company's operating portfolio. The additional metrics are intended to reflect market best practices and better enable the comparison of Vesta's performance with the performance of its publicly traded industrial real estate peers.



The operating portfolio calculation includes properties which have reached 80% occupancy or have been completed for more than one year, whichever occurs first.

Region	Q3 2024		Q3 2025		
	Stabilized Portfolio		Growth SF	Stabilized Portfolio	
	SF	%	SF	SF	%
Central Mexico	7,256,310	19.7%	1,021,332	8,277,642	20.3%
Bajío	18,024,250	49.0%	1,377,217	19,401,467	47.5%
North	11,527,878	31.3%	1,612,791	13,140,669	32.2%
Total	36,808,437	100%	4,011,341	40,819,778	100%

	Q3 2024		Q3 2025	
	Occupancy SF	% Total	Occupancy SF	% Total
Central Mexico	7,256,310	100.0%	8,277,642	100.0%
Bajío	17,188,291	95.4%	18,175,489	93.7%
North	11,459,498	99.4%	12,059,502	91.8%
Total	35,904,098	97.5%	38,512,633	94.3%

Same-Store Portfolio

Based on this calculation, this metric will only include properties within the Company's portfolio which have been stabilized for the entirety of current and comparable periods. This is intended to reflect market best practices and aid in the comparison of Vesta's performance with the performance of its publicly traded industrial real estate peers. Vesta has provided below a reconciliation of the updated definition versus the prior definition.

Region	Q3 2024		Q3 2025		
	Same Store Portfolio		Growth SF	Same Store Portfolio	
	SF	%	SF	SF	%
Central Mexico	7,179,938	21.5%	76,370	7,256,308	19.1%
Bajío	15,970,183	47.7%	2,333,627	18,303,810	48.2%
North	10,297,622	30.8%	2,135,154	12,432,776	32.7%
Total	33,447,743	100%	4,545,152	37,992,894	100%

	Q3 2024		Q3 2025	
	Occupancy SF	% Total	Occupancy SF	% Total
Central Mexico	7,179,938	100.0%	7,256,308	100.0%
Bajío	15,304,208	95.8%	17,390,761	95.0%
North	10,229,242	99.3%	11,351,609	91.3%
Total	32,713,387	97.8%	35,998,678	94.8%

Total Portfolio

As of September 30, 2025, the Company's portfolio was comprised of 235 high-quality industrial assets, with a total gross leased area ("GLA") of 43.0 million sf (4.0 million square meters "m²") and with 89.4% of the Company's income denominated in U.S. dollars. The majority of Vesta's properties are located in markets representing the most significant economic growth in the country, such as the Northern, Central and Bajío regions. Vesta's tenants are predominantly multinational companies, and the Company has balanced industry exposure to sectors such as e-commerce/online retail, food and beverage, automotive, aerospace and logistics, among others.



Region	Q2 2025		Q3 2025		
	Total Portfolio		Growth SF	Total Portfolio	
	SF	%	SF	SF	%
Central Mexico	8,576,841	20.4%	(1)	8,576,840	20.0%
Bajio	19,533,041	47.4%	560,848	20,093,889	46.8%
North	13,628,161	32.2%	654,832	14,282,993	33.3%
Total	41,738,043	100%	1,215,679	42,953,722	100%

Total Vacancy

Vesta's property portfolio had an 10.3% vacancy rate as of September 30, 2025.

	Q2 2025		Q3 2025	
	Vacant SF	% Total	Vacant SF	% Total
Central Mexico	299,198	3.5%	299,198	3.5%
Bajio	1,198,442	6.1%	1,918,401	9.5%
North	1,701,116	12.5%	2,223,491	15.6%
Total	3,198,756	7.7%	4,441,090	10.3%

Projects Under Construction

Vesta is currently developing 376,016 sf (34,933 m²) in inventory buildings.

Projects under Construction							
Project	GLA (SF)	GLA (m2)	Investment (1) (thousand USD)	Type	Expected Termination Date	City	Region
Guadalajara 10	376,016	34,933	29.2	Inventory	April, 2026	Guadalajara	Bajio
Total	376,016	34,933	29.2				

(1) Investment includes proportional cost of land and infrastructure.

*Adjusted based on final leasing terms.

Land Reserves

The Company had 39.7 million sf in land reserves as of September 30, 2025.

	June 30, 2025	September 30, 2025	
Region	Gross Land Area (SF)	Gross Land Area (SF)	% Chg.
Tijuana	4,005,262	4,005,262	—%
Monterrey	885,988	885,988	—%
Juárez	4,237,626	4,237,626	—%
San Luis Potosí	2,555,692	2,555,692	0.0%
Querétaro	3,561,966	3,561,966	0.0%
Guanajuato	3,404,979	3,404,979	0.0%
Aguascalientes	10,281,833	10,281,833	—%
SMA	3,597,220	3,597,220	0.0%
Guadalajara	7,001,510	6,311,155	(10)%
Puebla	0	0	na
Mexico City	815,780	815,780	—%
Total	40,347,855	39,657,501	-1.7%



Summary of 9-Month 2025 Results

Consolidated Interim and Annual Statements of Profit and Other Comprehensive Income (million)	9 months					
	Q3 2025	Q3 2024	Chg. %	2025	2024	Chg. %
Revenues						
Rental income	66.0	58.4	13.1	188.9	171.9	9.9
Reimbursable building services	3.9	2.7	44.3	11.4	8.5	33.6
Energy Income	2.5	2.6	(5.1)	6.5	6.5	(0.1)
Management Fees	0.0	0.0	na	0.0	0.4	(92.4)
Total Revenues	72.4	63.7	13.7	206.8	187.3	10.4
Total Operating Property Costs	(8.2)	(6.5)	27.1	(20.0)	(17.2)	16.2
Related to properties that generate rental income	(7.2)	(5.7)	27.4	(17.3)	(14.9)	15.7
Costs related to properties	(3.9)	(3.5)	11.4	(10.3)	(9.2)	11.0
Costs related to energy	(3.3)	(2.2)	53.1	(7.0)	(5.7)	23.3
Related to properties that did not generate rental income	(1.01)	(0.81)	25.1	(2.7)	(2.2)	20.0
Adjusted Net Operating Income	66.1	57.6	14.7	190.0	171.5	10.8
General and Administrative Expenses	(7.8)	(7.0)	11.8	(24.4)	(24.3)	0.7
Stock- based Compensation Expenses	2.5	2.1	15.3	7.1	7.0	2.2
Depreciation	(0.5)	(0.4)	16.3	(1.2)	(0.9)	38.3
Adjusted EBITDA	59.7	51.9	15.0	170.0	152.0	11.9
Other Income and Expenses						
Interest income	0.7	4.0	(83.7)	2.0	13.1	(84.5)
Other income	1.2	1.4	(12.8)	3.7	3.4	7.3
Other expense	(0.6)	(0.9)	(30.6)	(2.1)	(4.3)	(52.4)
Transaction cost on debt issuance	0.0	0.0	na	0.0	0.0	na
Interest expense	(12.3)	(11.2)	9.4	(34.5)	(33.7)	2.3
Exchange gain (loss)	2.4	(4.3)	(156.4)	8.7	(10.0)	(186.9)
Share of results of associates	0.0	0.0	na	0.0	0.0	na
Gain from properties sold	0.4	0.0	na	0.0	0.3	(104.0)
Gain on revaluation of investment properties	4.8	24.0	(80.0)	(3.4)	231.4	(101.5)
Total other income (expenses)	(3.5)	12.9	(126.7)	(25.6)	200.2	(112.8)
Profit Before Income Taxes	52.4	62.7	(16.4)	135.5	345.1	(60.7)
Income Tax Expense	(27.4)	(10.7)	156.2	(67.9)	(59.0)	15.1
Current Tax	(5.9)	(5.5)	6.9	(20.2)	(30.4)	(33.5)
Deferred Tax	(21.6)	(5.2)	314.6	(47.7)	(28.6)	66.8
Profit for the Period	25.0	52.0	(52.0)	67.6	286.2	(76.4)
Valuation of derivative financial instruments	0.0	0.0	na	0.0	0.0	na
Exchange differences on translating other functional currency operations	2.6	(8.6)	(130.6)	3.7	(9.5)	(139.2)
Total Comprehensive Income for the period	27.6	43.4	(36.3)	71.3	276.7	(74.2)
Shares (average)	858.3	884.8	(3.0)	861.4	891.3	(3.4)
Diluted EPS	0.0322	0.0490		0.0828	0.3104	

Revenues increased 10.4% to US\$ 206.8 million for the accumulated nine months of 2025, compared to US\$ 187.3 million in 2024, while operating costs increased to US\$ 20.0 million, or 16.2%, compared to US\$ 17.2 million in 2024, primarily due to the increase in properties that generate income as well as those which do not generate rental income.

Adjusted Net operating income for the nine months 2025 was US\$ 190.0 million, a 10.8% increase compared to US\$ 171.5 million in the same period of 2024. The Adjusted NOI margin for the nine months 2025 reached 94.9% compared to 94.9% in the same period in 2024.

At the close of September 30, 2025, administrative expenses increased by 0.7% to US\$ 24.4 million for the nine months of 2025, as compared to US\$ 24.3 million for the same period in 2024, primarily due to an increase in other administrative expenses and Vesta's stock-based compensation.

Adjusted EBITDA for the nine months 2025 was US\$ 170.0 million; an 11.9% increase compared to US\$ 152.0 million in the same period of 2024. The Adjusted EBITDA margin for nine months 2025 reached 84.9% compared to 84.1% in the same period of 2024.

Total other expense for the nine months of 2025 was US\$ 25.6 million, compared to a US\$ 200.2 million gain in the prior year. This reflects a decrease in the revaluation of investment properties and interest income.

The Company's profit before tax therefore amounted to US\$ 135.5 million for the nine months of 2025.

Income tax for the nine months ending September 30, 2025 resulted in a US\$ 67.9 million expense, compared to a US\$ 59.0 million expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2024. This year-on-year decrease was primarily due to a decrease in current taxes.

Profit for the nine months of 2025 was US\$ 67.6 million, compared to US\$ 286.2 million in the same period of 2024, due to factors described above.

Vesta closed the nine-month period ended September 30, 2025 with US\$ 71.3 million in total comprehensive income, compared to US\$ 276.7 million at the end of the same period in 2024, due to the factors previously described. This gain partially increased by a US\$ 3.7 million gain in functional currency operations.

Capex for the nine-months of 2025 reached US\$ 226.5 million, related to the investment property development as well as investment in land purchases and infrastructure.

Subsequent Events

Dividends:

Vesta shareholders approved a US\$ 69.5 million-dollar dividend at the Company's Annual General Shareholders Meeting held on March 19, 2025, to be paid in quarterly installments at the closing exchange rate of the day prior to payment. The quarterly dividend per share will be determined based on the outstanding number of shares on the distribution date.

Vesta paid a cash dividend for the third quarter 2025 equivalent to MXN\$ 0.3751 per ordinary share on Oct 15, 2025. The dividend was paid through the S.D. Indeval S.A. de C.V. Institución para el Depósito de Valores (INDEVAL). This amount was provisioned within the Company's financial statements at the end of the third quarter 2025 as dividends payable.

Dividends per share	
Q1 2025	0.4137
Q2 2025	0.3796
Q3 2025	0.3751



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Consolidated Statements of Financial Position (million)	September 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
ASSETS		
CURRENT		
Cash and cash equivalents	587.0	184.1
Financial assets held for trading	0.0	0.0
Accounts receivable- net	60.1	52.8
Operating lease receivable	9.0	4.7
Due from related parties	0.0	0.0
Prepaid expenses	8.1	2.1
Guarantee deposits made	0.0	0.0
Total current assets	664.3	243.8
NON-CURRENT		
Investment properties	3,915.1	3,696.8
Leasing Terms	1.5	0.5
Office equipment - net	2.2	2.4
Derivative financial instruments	0.0	0.0
Due from related parties	3.4	0.0
Guarantee Deposits made	14.7	14.5
Total non-current assets	3,936.9	3,714.2
TOTAL ASSETS	4,601.2	3,957.9
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Current portion of long-term debt	166.3	49.9
Financial leases payable-short term	0.6	0.4
Accrued interest	8.6	2.9
Accounts payable	6.7	14.2
Income tax payable	0.5	0.6
Dividends payable	34.8	16.2
Accrued expenses	6.5	6.6
Total current liabilities	224.0	90.8
NON-CURRENT		
Long-term debt	1,278.9	797.2
Financial leases payable-long term	0.9	0.1
Derivative financial instruments	0.0	0.0
Guarantee deposits received	30.5	27.4
Long-term accounts payable	0.0	0.0
Employees benefits	3.3	2.2
Deferred income taxes	490.6	442.8
Total non-current liabilities	1,804.2	1,269.8
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,028.2	1,360.7
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Capital stock	580.0	585.5
Additional paid-in capital	884.2	905.7
Retained earnings	1,146.5	1,148.4
Share-base payments reserve	4.9	3.9
Foreign currency translation	(42.5)	(46.2)
Valuation of derivative financial instruments	0.0	0.0
Total shareholders' equity	2,573.0	2,597.3
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	4,601.2	3,957.9

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (million)	September 30, 2025	September 30, 2024
Cash flow from operating activities:		
Profit before income taxes	135.5	345.1
Adjustments:		
Depreciation	0.7	0.5
Depreciation of right of use assets	0.6	0.4
Gain on revaluation of investment properties	3.4	(231.4)
Effect of foreign exchange rates	(4.9)	0.5
Interest income	(2.0)	(13.1)
Interest expense	33.4	32.2
Amortization debt issuance-related expenses	1.1	1.5
Gain share of results of associates	0.0	0.0
Expense recognized related to share-based payments	10.4	7.0
Employee Benefits	1.1	0.5
Gain in sale of investment property	0.0	(0.3)
Income tax benefit from equity issuance costs	0.0	0.0
Working capital adjustments		
(Increase) decrease in:		
Operating leases receivables- net	(4.3)	2.0
Recoverable taxes	(7.3)	1.1
Guarantee Deposits made	(0.2)	0.6
Prepaid expenses	(6.0)	14.3
(Increase) decrease in:		
Accounts payable	0.3	(19.8)
Accrued expenses	(0.2)	(1.1)
Guarantee Deposits received	3.1	5.7
Interest received	2.0	13.1
Income Tax Paid	(20.3)	(79.7)
Net cash generated by operating activities	146.24	79.2
Cash flow from investing activities		
Purchases of investment property	(226.5)	(144.0)
Non-tenant reimbursements	(3.4)	0.0
Sale of investment property	5.5	0.8
Acquisition of office furniture	(0.5)	0.0
Net cash used in investing activities	(224.9)	(143.3)
Cash flow from financing activities		
Interest paid	(27.6)	(27.4)
Loans obtained	650.0	0.0
Loans Paid	(48.6)	(68.5)
Cost of debt issuance	(4.3)	0.0
Dividends paid	(50.9)	(47.5)
Repurchase of treasury shares	0.0	0.0
Equity issuance	0.0	0.0
Costs of equity issuance	(36.4)	(14.3)
Payment of lease liabilities	(0.6)	(0.5)
Net cash (used in) generated by financing activities	481.5	(158.2)
Effects of exchange rates changes on cash	0.1	2.3
Net Increase in cash and cash equivalents	402.9	(220.0)
Cash, restricted cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of period	184.9	501.9
Cash, restricted cash and cash equivalents at the end of period	587.8	281.9

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity (million)	Capital Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Share-based payment reserve	Foreign Currency Translation	Total Stockholders' Equity
Balances as of January 1, 2024	591.6	934.9	989.7	3.7	(33.0)	2,487.0
Dividends declared	0.0	0.0	(64.7)	0.0	0.0	(64.7)
Share-based payments	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.0	0.0	7.0
Repurchase of shares	(2.7)	(11.7)	0.0	0.0	0.0	(14.3)
Vested shares	2.4	13.7	0.0	(16.0)	0.0	0.0
Comprehensive income (loss)	0.0	0.0	286.2	0.0	(9.5)	276.7
Balances as of September 30, 2024	591.3	936.9	1,211.2	(5.3)	(42.5)	2,691.6
Balances as of January 1, 2025	585.5	905.7	1148.4	3.9	(46.2)	2597.3
Dividends declared	0.0	0.0	(69.5)	0.0	0.0	(69.5)
Vested shares	2.0	7.0	0.0	(9.0)	0.0	0.0
Share-based payments	0.1	0.3	0.0	10.0	0.0	10.4
Repurchase of shares	(7.6)	(28.8)	0.0	0.0	0.0	(36.4)
Comprehensive income (loss)	0.0	0.0	54.1	0.0	3.7	57.8
Balances as of September 30, 2025	580.0	884.2	1,133.0	4.9	(42.5)	2,559.5

Notes and Disclaimers

Interim Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements: The figures presented within this release for the three-month periods ending September 30, 2025 and 2024 have not been audited.

Exchange Rate: The exchange rates used for the figures expressed in US dollars (US\$) were:

	Date	Exchange Rate
Balance Sheet		
	September 30, 2024	19.629
	September 30, 2025	18.383
Income Statement		
	Q3 2024 (average)	18.915
	Q3 2025 (average)	18.647
	9M 2024 (average)	17.710
	9M 2025 (average)	19.531

“Adjusted EBITDA” as the sum of profit for the year adjusted by (a) total income tax expense (b) interest income, (c) other income, (d) other expense (e) finance costs, (f) exchange gain (loss) – net, (g) gain on sale of investment property, (h) gain on revaluation of investment property, (i) depreciation, (j) stock-based compensation expense (k) energy income and (l) energy costs during the relevant period

“Adjusted EBITDA margin” means Adjusted EBITDA divided by total revenues minus energy income.

“NOI” means the sum of Adjusted EBITDA plus general and administrative expenses, reversing the discrete depreciation expense impact in Adjusted EBITDA minus and stock-based compensation expense during the relevant period.

“Adjusted NOI” means the sum of NOI plus property operating costs related to properties that did not generate rental income during the relevant period minus energy costs.

“Adjusted NOI margin” means Adjusted NOI divided by total revenues minus energy income.

“FFO” means profit for the period, excluding: (i) gain on sale of investment property and (ii) gain on revaluation of investment property.

“Vesta FFO” means the sum of FFO, as adjusted for the impact of exchange gain (loss) - net, other income – net, other energy income net, interest income, total income tax expense, depreciation and stock-based compensation expense and equity plus.

Prior period: Unless otherwise stated, the comparison of operating and financial figures compares the same prior year period.

Percentages may not sum to total due to rounding.

Build to Suit (BTS): a building which is custom-made in design and construction in order to meet client-specific needs.

Inventory buildings: buildings constructed in accordance with standard industry specifications, for those clients that do not require a BTS Building.

Analyst Coverage

In compliance with the internal regulation of the BMV, article 4.033.01 Frac. VIII, Vesta is covered by analysts at the following brokages:

- Actinver Casa de Bolsa, S.A. de C.V. Grupo Financiero Actinver
- Barclays Bank Mexico, S.A.
- Bank of America
- BBVA Bancomer S.A.
- Bradesco BBI Research
- BTG Pactual US Capital LLC
- Casa de Bolsa Credit Suisse S.A. de C.V.
- Casa de Bolsa Santander S.A. de C.V.
- Citigroup Global Markets Inc.
- GBM Grupo Bursátil Mexicano S.A. de C.V.
- Grupo Financiero Interacciones S.A. de C.V.
- Grupo Signum, S.A. de C.V.
- Goldman Sachs
- Itaú Corretora de Valores S.A
- J.P. Morgan Casa de Bolsa, S.A. de C.V.
- Morgan Stanley
- Scotia Inverlat Casa de Bolsa S.A. de C.V.

About Vesta

Vesta is a real estate owner, developer and asset manager of industrial buildings and distribution centers in Mexico. As of September 30, 2025, Vesta owned 235 properties located in modern industrial parks in 16 states of Mexico totaling a GLA of 43.0 million sf (4.0 million m²). Vesta has several world-class clients participating in a variety of industries such as automotive, aerospace, retail, high-tech, pharmaceuticals, electronics, food and beverage and packaging. For additional information visit: www.vesta.com.mx.

Note on Forward-Looking Statements

This report may contain certain forward-looking statements and information relating to the Company and its expected future performance that reflects the current views and/or expectations of the Company and its management with respect to its performance, business and future events. Forward looking statements include, without limitation, any statement that may predict, forecast, indicate or imply future results, performance or achievements, and may contain words like “believe,” “anticipate,” “expect,” “envisages,” “will likely result,” or any other words or phrases of similar meaning. Such statements are subject to a number of risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Some of the factors that may affect outcomes and results include, but are not limited to: (i) national, regional and local economic and political climates; (ii) changes in global financial markets, interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates; (iii) increased or unanticipated competition for our properties; (iv) risks associated with acquisitions, dispositions and development of



properties; (v) tax structuring and changes in income tax laws and rates; (vi) availability of financing and capital, the levels of debt that we maintain; (vii) environmental uncertainties, including risks of natural disasters; (viii) risks related to any potential health crisis and the measures that governments, agencies, law enforcement and/or health authorities implement to address such crisis; and (ix) those additional factors discussed in reports filed with the Bolsa Mexicana de Valores and in the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. We caution you that these important factors could cause actual results to differ materially from the plans, objectives, expectations, estimates and intentions expressed in this presentation and in oral statements made by authorized officers of the Company. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of their dates. The Company undertakes no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, including any financial guidance, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise except as may be required by law.

Definitions / Discussion of Non-GAAP Financial Measures:

Change in Adjusted EBITDA, NOI, Adjusted NOI and Vesta FFO calculation methodology

During the year ended December 31, 2023, our business began to experience different effects associated with our tenants growing their operations in Mexico that among other impacts resulted in increased energy consumption which we recognize as an energy income and energy cost during the period. Our management considered these income and costs represent a business activity not actively managed by us and does not relate directly to our business operation and strategy; therefore, we updated our policy to further adjust our Adjusted EBITDA, NOI, Adjusted NOI and Vesta FFO to exclude energy income and energy costs.

We have applied the change in calculation methodology retroactively. This change had an impact on Adjusted EBITDA, NOI, Adjusted NOI and Vesta FFO of \$0.3 million, (\$0.4) million and \$0.0 million as of December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021.

Reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA, NOI and Adjusted NOI

The table below sets forth a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA, NOI and Adjusted NOI to profit for the year, the most directly comparable IFRS financial measure, for each of the periods indicated, as reported in the Company's financial statements. We calculate Adjusted EBITDA as the sum of profit for the year adjusted by (a) total income tax expense (b) interest income, (c) other income, (d) other expense (e) finance costs, (f) exchange gain (loss) – net, (g) gain on sale of investment property, (h) gain on revaluation of investment property, (i) depreciation, (j) stock-based compensation expense (k) energy income and (l) energy costs during the relevant period. We calculate NOI as the sum of Adjusted EBITDA plus general and administrative expenses, reversing the discrete depreciation expense impact in Adjusted EBITDA minus and stock-based compensation expense during the relevant period. We calculate Adjusted NOI as the sum of NOI plus property operating costs related to properties that did not generate rental income during the relevant period.

Adjusted EBITDA is not a financial measure recognized under IFRS and does not purport to be an alternative to profit or total comprehensive income for the period as a measure of operating performance or to cash flows from operating activities as a measure of liquidity. Additionally, Adjusted EBITDA is not intended to be a measure of free cash flow available for management's discretionary use, as it does not consider certain cash requirements such as interest payments and tax payments. Our presentation of Adjusted EBITDA has limitations as an analytical tool, and you should not consider it in isolation or as a substitute for analysis of our results as reported under IFRS. Management uses Adjusted EBITDA to measure and evaluate the operating performance of our principal business (which consists of developing, leasing and managing industrial properties) before our cost of capital and income tax expense. Adjusted EBITDA is a measure commonly used in our industry, and we present Adjusted EBITDA to supplement investor understanding of our operating performance. We believe that Adjusted EBITDA provides investors and analysts with a measure of operating results unaffected by differences in tenant's operation, capital structures, capital investment cycles and fair value adjustments of related assets among otherwise comparable companies.

NOI or Adjusted NOI are not financial measures recognized under IFRS and do not purport to be alternatives to profit for the period or total comprehensive income as measures of operating performance. NOI and Adjusted NOI are supplemental industry reporting measures used to evaluate the performance of our investments in real estate assets and our operating results. In addition, Adjusted NOI is a leading indicator of the trends related to NOI as we typically have a strong development portfolio of "speculative buildings." Under IAS 40, we have adopted the fair value model to measure our investment property and, for that reason,

our financial statements do not reflect depreciation nor amortization of our investment properties, and therefore such items are not part of the calculations of NOI or Adjusted NOI. We believe that NOI is useful to investors as a performance measure and that it provides useful information regarding our results of operations and financial condition because, when compared across periods, it reflects the impact on operations from trends in occupancy rates, rental rates, operating costs and acquisition and development activity on an unleveraged basis, providing perspective not immediately apparent from profit for the year. For example, interest expense is not necessarily linked to the operating performance of a real estate asset and is often incurred at the corporate level as opposed to the property level. Similarly, interest expense may be incurred at the property level even though the financing proceeds may be used at the corporate level (e.g., used for other investment activity). As so defined, NOI and Adjusted NOI may not be comparable to net operating income or similar measures reported by other real estate companies that define NOI or Adjusted NOI differently.

Adjusted EBITDA margin, NOI margin and Adjusted NOI margin

The table below also includes a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA margin, NOI margin and Adjusted NOI margin to profit for the year, the most directly comparable IFRS financial measure, for each of the periods indicated, as reported in the Company's financial statements. We present margin ratios to rental income plus management fees minus electricity income to compliment the understanding of our operating performance; measuring our profitability compared to the revenues directly related to our business activities.

	For the Three-Month Period Ended September 30,		9 months Cumulative	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	(millions of US\$)			
Profit for the period	25.0	52.0	67.6	286.2
(+) Total income tax expense	27.4	10.7	67.9	59.0
(-) Interest income	(0.7)	(4.0)	(2.0)	(13.1)
(-) Other income (1)	(1.2)	(1.4)	(3.7)	(3.4)
(-) Other expense	0.6	0.9	2.1	4.3
(+) Finance costs	12.3	11.2	34.5	33.7
(-) Exchange gain (loss) - net	(2.4)	4.3	(8.7)	10.0
(-) Share of results of associates	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
(-) Gain on sale of investment property	(0.4)	0.0	0.0	(0.3)
(-) Gain on revaluation of investment property	(4.8)	(24.0)	3.4	(231.4)
(+) Depreciation	0.5	0.4	1.2	0.9
(+) Share-based compensation	2.5	2.1	7.1	7.0
(-) Energy income	(2.5)	(2.6)	(6.5)	(6.5)
(+) Energy Expense	3.3	2.2	7.0	5.7
Adjusted EBITDA	59.7	51.9	170.0	152.0
(+) General and administrative expenses	7.8	7.0	24.4	24.3
(-) Share -based compensation expense	(2.5)	(2.1)	(7.1)	(7.0)
NOI	65.1	56.8	187.3	169.3
(+) Property operating costs related to properties that did not generate rental income	1.0	0.8	2.7	2.2
Adjusted NOI	66.1	57.6	190.0	171.5

- (1) Includes other income and expenses unrelated to our operations, such as reimbursements from insurance proceeds, and sales of office equipment. For more information, see note 15 to our audited consolidated financial statements.

Reconciliation of FFO and Vesta FFO

The table below sets forth a reconciliation of FFO and Vesta FFO to profit for the period, the most directly comparable IFRS financial measure, for each of the periods indicated, as reported in the Company's financial statements. FFO is calculated as profit for the period, excluding: (i) gain on sale of investment property and (ii) gain on revaluation of investment property. We calculate Vesta FFO as the sum of FFO, as adjusted for the impact of exchange gain (loss) - net, other income - net, interest income, total income tax expense, depreciation and long-term incentive plan and equity plus.

The Company believes that Vesta FFO is useful to investors as a supplemental performance measure because it excludes the effects of certain items which can create significant earnings volatility, but which do not directly relate to our business operations. We believe Vesta FFO can facilitate comparisons of operating performance between periods, while also providing a more meaningful predictor of future earnings potential. Additionally, since Vesta FFO does not capture the level of capital expenditures per maintenance and improvements to maintain the operating performance of properties, which has a material economic impact on operating results, we believe Vesta FFO's usefulness as a measure of performance may be limited.

Our computation of FFO and Vesta FFO may not be comparable to FFO measures reported by other REITs or real estate companies that define or interpret the FFO definition differently. FFO and Vesta FFO should not be considered as a substitute for net profit for the period attributable to our common shareholders.

	For the Three-Month		9 months	
	Period Ended September 30,		Cumulative	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
(millions of US\$)				
Profit for the period	25.0	52.0	67.6	286.2
(-) Gain on sale of investment property	(0.4)	0.0	0.0	(0.3)
(-) Gain on revaluation of investment property	(4.8)	(24.0)	3.4	(231.4)
FFO	19.8	28.0	71.1	54.5
(-) Exchange gain (loss) - net	(2.4)	4.3	(8.7)	10.0
(-) Other income(1)	(1.2)	(1.4)	(3.7)	(3.4)
(-) Other expense	0.6	0.9	2.1	4.3
(-) Share of results of associates	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
(-) Interest income	(0.7)	(4.0)	(2.0)	(13.1)
(+) Total income tax expense	27.4	10.7	67.9	59.0
(+) Depreciation	0.5	0.4	1.2	0.9
(-) Share -based compensation expense	2.5	2.1	7.1	7.0
(-) Energy income	(2.5)	(2.6)	(6.5)	(6.5)
(+) Energy Expense	3.3	2.2	7.0	5.7
Vesta FFO	47.4	40.7	135.5	118.3

(1) Includes other income and expenses unrelated to our operations, such as reimbursements from insurance proceeds, and sales of office equipment. For more information, see note 15 to Vesta's consolidated financial statements.

**Corporación Inmobiliaria
Vesta, S. A. B. de C. V. and
Subsidiaries**

Condensed Consolidated Interim
Financial Statements for the nine-
and three months periods ended
September 30, 2025, and 2024
(unaudited)

**Corporación Inmobiliaria Vesta, S. A. B. de C. V. and
Subsidiaries**

**Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim
Financial Statements for nine and three-
month periods ended September 30, 2025,
and 2024 (unaudited)**

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Corporación Inmobiliaria Vesta, S. A. B. de C. V. and Subsidiaries

Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Financial Position

As of September 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024
(In US dollars)

Assets	Notes	September 30, 2025 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2024
Current assets:			
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	5	\$ 587,048,369	\$ 184,120,894
Recoverable taxes	6	60,142,762	52,832,645
Operating lease receivables	7	8,991,825	4,681,020
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	7.vi	8,140,683	2,119,545
Total current assets		664,323,639	243,754,104
Non-current assets:			
Investment properties	8	3,915,071,845	3,696,768,269
Office furniture – Net		2,167,032	2,386,285
Investment in associates		3,436,557	-
Right-of-use asset - Net of depreciation	9	1,496,991	533,792
Security deposits made, restricted cash and others		14,713,491	14,504,984
Total non-current assets		3,936,885,916	3,714,193,330
Total assets		\$ 4,601,209,555	\$ 3,957,947,434
Liabilities and stockholders' equity			
Current liabilities:			
Current portion of long-term debt	10	\$ 166,286,873	\$ 49,856,047
Lease liabilities – short-term	9	637,008	408,373
Accrued interest		8,618,289	2,911,864
Accounts payable		6,701,751	14,194,300
Income taxes payable		514,375	646,812
Accrued expenses and taxes		6,459,877	6,637,354
Dividends payable	11.4	34,768,986	16,171,622
Total current liabilities		223,987,159	90,826,372
Non-current liabilities:			
Long-term debt	10	1,278,943,537	797,194,627
Lease liabilities - long-term	9	869,992	149,743
Security deposits received		30,522,800	27,409,380
Employee benefits		3,302,585	2,240,425
Deferred income taxes	17	490,559,452	442,842,704
Total non-current liabilities		1,804,198,366	1,269,836,879
Total liabilities		2,028,185,525	1,360,663,251
Litigation and commitments	21		
Stockholders' equity:			
Capital stock	11.1	579,978,180	585,487,257
Additional paid-in capital	11.3	884,174,713	905,722,252
Retained earnings		1,146,479,971	1,148,396,077
Share-based payments reserve	19	4,876,742	3,884,108
Foreign currency translation		(42,485,576)	(46,205,511)
Total stockholders' equity		2,573,024,030	2,597,284,183
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity		\$ 4,601,209,555	\$ 3,957,947,434

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Corporación Inmobiliaria Vesta, S. A. B. de C. V. and Subsidiaries

Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

For the nine- and three-month periods ended September 30, 2025, and 2024 (In US dollars)

	Notes	For the nine-month period ended		For the three-month period ended	
		September 30, 2025 (Unaudited)	September 30, 2024 (Unaudited)	September 30, 2025 (Unaudited)	September 30, 2024 (Unaudited)
Revenues:					
Rental income	12	\$ 206,748,294	\$ 186,881,830	\$ 72,420,925	\$ 63,690,201
Management fees		<u>31,437</u>	<u>413,263</u>	<u>6,789</u>	<u>-</u>
		206,779,731	187,295,093	72,427,714	63,690,201
Property operating costs related to properties that generated rental income	13.1	(17,274,621)	(14,935,656)	(7,226,843)	(5,673,013)
Property operating costs related to properties that did not generate rental income	13.1	(2,688,623)	(2,239,752)	(1,008,863)	(806,646)
General and administrative expenses	13.2	(25,691,559)	(25,182,005)	(8,326,405)	(7,431,606)
Interest income		2,031,051	13,140,475	651,746	4,010,121
Other income	14	3,655,308	3,407,033	1,196,412	1,371,257
Other expenses	15	(2,053,007)	(4,313,591)	(623,458)	(897,920)
Finance cost	16	(34,462,020)	(33,694,009)	(12,289,994)	(11,229,820)
Exchange gain (loss) – Net		8,665,619	(9,974,705)	2,429,486	(4,305,296)
Share of results of associates		(5,791)	-	(8,711)	-
(Loss) gain on sale of investment property		(9,946)	250,000	400,000	-
(Loss) gain on revaluation of investment property	8	<u>(3,431,376)</u>	<u>231,374,529</u>	<u>4,792,273</u>	<u>23,969,004</u>
Profit before income taxes		135,514,766	345,127,412	52,413,357	62,696,282
Income tax expense	17	<u>(67,892,899)</u>	<u>(58,971,819)</u>	<u>(27,446,316)</u>	<u>(10,712,706)</u>
Profit for the period		67,621,867	286,155,593	24,967,041	51,983,576
Other comprehensive gain - Net of tax:					
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit and loss:					
Exchange differences on translating other functional currency operations		<u>3,719,935</u>	<u>(9,488,605)</u>	<u>2,637,034</u>	<u>(8,628,610)</u>
Total other comprehensive income		<u>3,719,935</u>	<u>(9,488,605)</u>	<u>2,637,034</u>	<u>(8,628,610)</u>
Total comprehensive income for the period		\$ <u>71,341,802</u>	\$ <u>276,666,988</u>	\$ <u>27,604,075</u>	\$ <u>43,354,966</u>
Basic earnings per share	11.5	\$ <u>0.0796</u>	\$ <u>0.2681</u>	\$ <u>0.0295</u>	\$ <u>0.1253</u>
Diluted earnings per share	11.5	\$ <u>0.0785</u>	\$ <u>0.2627</u>	\$ <u>0.0291</u>	\$ <u>0.1154</u>

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Corporación Inmobiliaria Vesta, S. A. B. de C. V. and Subsidiaries

**Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim
Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity**

For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2025, and 2024
(In US dollars)

	Capital stock	Additional paid-in capital	Retained earnings	Share-based payments reserve	Foreign currency translation	Total stockholders' equity
Balances as of January 1, 2024	\$ 591,600,113	\$ 934,944,456	\$ 989,736,218	\$ 3,732,350	\$ (33,044,712)	\$ 2,486,968,425
Dividends declared	-	-	(64,686,487)	-	-	(64,686,487)
Vested shares	2,377,647	13,654,820	-	(16,032,467)	-	-
Share-based payments	-	-	-	6,952,514	-	6,952,514
Repurchase of shares	(2,683,828)	(11,652,978)	-	-	-	(14,336,806)
Comprehensive income	-	-	286,155,593	-	(9,488,605)	276,666,988
Balances as of September 30, 2024 (Unaudited)	<u>591,293,932</u>	<u>936,946,298</u>	<u>1,211,205,324</u>	<u>(5,347,603)</u>	<u>(42,533,317)</u>	<u>2,691,564,634</u>
Balances as of January 1, 2025	585,487,257	905,722,252	1,148,396,077	3,884,108	(46,205,511)	2,597,284,183
Dividends declared	-	-	(69,537,973)	-	-	(69,537,973)
Vested shares	2,045,268	6,964,825	-	(9,010,093)	-	-
Share-based payments	65,627	283,509	-	10,002,727	-	10,351,863
Repurchase of shares	(7,619,972)	(28,795,873)	-	-	-	(36,415,845)
Comprehensive income	-	-	67,621,867	-	3,719,935	71,341,802
Balances as of September 30, 2025 (Unaudited)	<u>\$ 579,978,180</u>	<u>\$ 884,174,713</u>	<u>\$ 1,146,479,971</u>	<u>\$ 4,876,742</u>	<u>\$ (42,485,576)</u>	<u>\$ 2,573,024,030</u>

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Corporación Inmobiliaria Vesta, S. A. B. de C. V. and Subsidiaries

**Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim
Statements of Cash Flows**

For the nine-months periods ended September 30, 2025, and 2024
(In US dollars)

	September 30, 2025 (Unaudited)	September 30, 2024 (Unaudited)
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Profit before income taxes	\$ 135,514,766	\$ 345,127,412
Adjustments:		
Depreciation	693,191	479,225
Right-of-use asset depreciation	550,848	420,129
Loss (gain) on revaluation of investment properties	3,431,376	(231,374,529)
Unrealized effect of foreign exchange rates	(4,945,684)	486,100
Interest income	(2,031,051)	(13,140,475)
Interest expense	33,354,325	32,215,343
Amortization of debt issuance costs	1,107,695	1,478,666
Gain equity method	5,711	-
Expense recognized in respect of share-based payments	10,351,863	6,952,514
Employee benefits and pension costs	1,062,160	542,254
Loss (gain) on sale of investment properties	9,946	(250,000)
Working capital adjustments:		
(Increase) decrease in:		
Operating lease receivables – Net	(4,310,805)	2,008,957
Recoverable taxes	(7,310,117)	1,119,415
Guarantee deposits paid	(208,507)	617,356
Prepaid expenses and other receivables	(6,021,138)	14,344,979
Increase (decrease) in:		
Accounts payable and client advances	330,524	(19,768,972)
Accrued expenses and taxes	(177,477)	(1,129,748)
Guarantee deposits collected	3,113,420	5,658,031
Interest received	2,031,051	13,140,475
Income taxes paid	(20,308,588)	(79,680,953)
Net cash generated by operating activities	146,243,509	79,246,179
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchases of investment properties	(226,508,180)	(144,048,988)
Sale of investment property	5,500,000	780,000
Purchases of office furniture and vehicles	(473,938)	(10,444)
Investment in associates	(3,442,268)	-
Net cash used in investing activities	(224,924,386)	(143,279,432)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Interest paid	(27,584,857)	(27,416,097)
Loans obtained	650,000,000	-
Loans paid	(48,636,514)	(68,450,145)
Costs of debt issuance	(4,291,445)	-
Dividends paid	(50,940,609)	(47,498,555)
Repurchase of treasury shares	(36,415,845)	(14,336,806)
Payment of lease liabilities	(628,206)	(502,290)
Net cash used in financing activities	481,502,524	(158,203,893)

	September 30, 2025 (Unaudited)	September 30, 2024 (Unaudited)
Effects of exchange rates changes on cash	105,828	2,268,617
Net decrease in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	402,927,475	(219,968,529)
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at the beginning of year	<u>184,856,206</u>	<u>501,901,448</u>
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at the end of the period - Note 5	<u>\$ 587,783,681</u>	<u>\$ 281,932,919</u>

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Corporación Inmobiliaria Vesta, S. A. B. de C. V. and Subsidiaries

**Unaudited Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim
Financial Statements**

As of September 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024 and for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2025,
and 2024

(In US dollars)

1. General information

Corporación Inmobiliaria Vesta, S. A. B. de C. V. ("Vesta") is a corporation incorporated in Mexico. The address of its registered office and principal place of business is Paseo de los Tamarindos 90, 28th floor, Mexico City.

Vesta and subsidiaries (collectively, the "Entity") are engaged in the development, acquisition and operation of industrial buildings and distribution facilities that are rented to corporations in eleven states throughout Mexico.

2. Application of new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)

New and amended IFRS Accounting Standards that are effective for the current period

There are no accounting pronouncements which have become effective from January 1, 2025, that have a significant impact on the Group's interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

3. Material accounting policies

a. Basis of preparation

The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for investment properties and financial instruments that are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below.

i. Historical cost

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

ii. Fair value

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Entity takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of IFRS 2, *Share-based Payments*.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorized into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

iii. *Going concern*

The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared by Management assuming that the Entity will continue to operate as a going concern.

b. *Interim financial condensed statements*

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements as of September 30, 2025 have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34, *Interim Financial Reporting*, and have not been audited. In the opinion of Entity management, all adjustments (consisting mainly of ordinary, recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair presentation of the accompanying condensed consolidated interim financial statements are included. The results of the periods are not necessarily indicative of the results for the full year. These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited annual consolidated financial statements of the Entity and their respective notes for the year ended December 31, 2024.

The accounting policies and methods of computation are consistent with the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024.

c. *Segment*

The Entity's primary business is the acquisition, development, and management of industrial and distribution center real estate. Vesta manages its operations on an aggregated, single segment basis for purposes of assessing performance and making operating decisions and, accordingly, has only one reporting and operating segment. As of September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, all of our assets and operations are derived from assets located within Mexico.

d. *Financial liabilities*

All financial liabilities are measured subsequently at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities measured subsequently at amortized cost

Financial liabilities (including borrowings) that are not (i) contingent consideration of an acquirer in a business combination, (ii) held-for-trading, or (iii) designated as at FVTPL, are measured subsequently at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and expenses paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or (where appropriate) a shorter period, to the amortized cost of a financial liability.

For financial liabilities that are denominated in a foreign currency and are measured at amortized cost at the end of each reporting period, the foreign exchange gains and losses are determined based on the amortized cost of the instruments. These foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in the 'exchange (loss) gain - net' line item in profit or loss for financial liabilities.

Modification of contractual cash flows

When the contractual cash flows of a financial instrument are modified and does not result in derecognition, differences between the recalculated gross carrying amount and the carrying amount before modification is recognized in profit or loss as modification gain or loss, at the date of modification.

Financial liabilities linked to a sustainability factor

ate accordingly, having no impact on profit or loss.

For instruments where the sustainability factor is a non-financial variable, the Entity has determined that the definition of an embedded derivative is not met. When there are changes in cash flows resulting from changes in interest rates caused by the sustainability factor, the Entity revises the future cash flows and discounts them using the original effective interest rate. The difference between the carrying amount before the change and the remeasured carrying amount is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Entity derecognizes financial liabilities when, and only when, the Entity's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid and payable is recognized in profit or loss.

When the Entity exchanges with the existing lender a debt instrument in another with substantially different terms, that exchange is accounted for as an extinction of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. Similarly, the Entity considers the substantial modification of the terms of an existing liability or part of it as an extinction of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new liability. The terms are assumed to be substantially different if the discounted present value of the cash flows under the new terms, including any fees paid net of any fees received and discounted using the original effective rate, is at least 10% different from the current discounted rate. Value of the remaining cash flows of the original financial liability. If the modification is not material, the difference between: (1) the carrying amount of the liability before the modification; and (2) the present value of the cash flows after the modification should be recognized in profit or loss as the gain or loss from the modification within other gains and losses.

The balance as of September 30, 2025, and December 2024 of short-term accounts payables was:

	September 30, 2025 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2024
Construction in-progress ⁽¹⁾	\$ 3,289,107	\$ 1,622,188
Land ⁽²⁾	-	7,431,219
Existing properties	1,644,535	4,217,995
Others accounts payables	<u>1,768,109</u>	<u>922,898</u>
	<u>\$ 6,701,751</u>	<u>\$ 14,194,300</u>

- (1) At the end of fiscal year 2024, the Entity began the construction of twelve investment properties. The amount represents the advances according to the construction contract, which will be paid during the first quarter of the following year. As of September 30, 2025, the Entity began the construction of a one investment property in Guadalajara. .
- (2) During the third quarter of 2022 the Entity acquired a land reserve and signed promissory agreements for a total of \$8,256,912 to be paid on quarterly installments of \$91,744 starting March 2023 plus a final payment of \$7,431,219 paid in June 2025.

4. Critical accounting judgments and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In preparing these interim financial statements, management has made judgements and estimates that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expense. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The significant judgements made by management in applying the Entity's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those described in the last annual consolidated financial statements.

5. Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash

For purposes of the condensed consolidated interim statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and in banks, including restricted cash. Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period as shown in the condensed consolidated interim statement of cash flows can be reconciled to the related items in the condensed consolidated interim statements of financial position as follows:

	September 30, 2025 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2024
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 586,427,420	\$ 183,993,091
Restricted cash	<u>620,949</u>	<u>127,803</u>
	587,048,369	184,120,894
Non-current restricted cash	<u>735,312</u>	<u>735,312</u>
Total	<u>\$ 587,783,681</u>	<u>\$ 184,856,206</u>

Restricted cash represents balances held by the Entity that are only available for use under certain conditions pursuant to the loan agreements entered into by the Entity. Such conditions include payment of monthly debt service fee and compliance with certain covenants set forth in the loan agreement. These restrictions are classified according to their restriction period: less than 12 months and over one year, considering the period of time in which such restrictions are fulfilled. Non-current restricted cash was classified within guaranteed deposits made, restricted cash and others in the accompanying condensed consolidated interim statements of financial position.

Non-cash transactions

Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities not requiring cash relate to a decrease for the amortization of debt issuance costs for \$4,728,688 and \$474,003 in the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2025, and 2024, respectively. Unpaid dividends are included in Note 11.4. Other non-cash investing activities related to investment properties are included in Note 8.

Additionally, the Entity recognized amortization of opening cost of a credit line for \$834,474 and \$370,973 in the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2025, and 2024, respectively; included in security deposits made, restricted cash and others balance change.

6. Recoverable taxes

	September 30, 2025 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2024
Recoverable value-added tax ("VAT")	\$ 37,825,097	\$ 32,763,309
Recoverable income taxes	22,261,448	20,014,044
Other receivables	<u>56,217</u>	<u>55,292</u>
	<u>\$ 60,142,762</u>	<u>\$ 52,832,645</u>

7. Operating lease receivables, prepaid expenses and advance payments

i. *The aging profile of operating lease receivables as of the dates indicated below are as follows:*

	September 30, 2025 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2024
0-30 days	\$ 8,649,550	\$ 3,926,519
30-60 days	293,574	12,684
60-90 days	10,000	109,356
Over 90 days	<u>38,701</u>	<u>632,461</u>
Total	<u>\$ 8,991,825</u>	<u>\$ 4,681,020</u>

Pursuant to the lease agreements, rental payments should be received within 30 days following their due date; thereafter the payment is considered past due. As shown in the table above, 96% and 84% of all operating lease receivables are current as of September 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024, respectively.

All rental payments past due are monitored by the Entity; for receivables outstanding from 30 to 90 days, efforts are made to collect payment from the respective client. Operating lease receivables outstanding for more than 30 days but less than 60 days represent 3% and 0.3% of all operating lease receivables as of September 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024, respectively. Operating lease receivables outstanding for more than 60 and less than 90 days represent 0.1% and 2% of all operating lease receivable as of September 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024, respectively. Operating lease receivables outstanding greater than 90 days represent 0.4% and 14% of all operating lease receivable as of September 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024, respectively.

ii. *Movement in the allowance for doubtful accounts receivable*

Lifetime ECL represents the expected credit losses that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of the operating lease receivable.

The following table shows the movement in expected credit losses that has been recognized for the lease receivable:

	Amounts
Balance as of January 1, 2024	\$ 2,536,893
Increase in loss allowance recognized in the period	1,075,818
Decrease in loss allowance from derecognition of financial assets in the period	<u>(1,540,750)</u>
Balance as of September 30, 2024 (Unaudited)	<u>2,071,961</u>
Balance as of January 1, 2025	2,042,188
Increase in loss allowance recognized in the period	1,036,029
Decrease in loss allowance from derecognition of financial assets in the period	<u>(2,032,746)</u>
Balance as of September 30, 2025 (Unaudited)	<u>\$ 1,045,471</u>

iii. *Client concentration risk*

As of September 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024, one of the Entity's client accounts represents for 66% or \$5,639,945 (Unaudited) and 63% or \$2,970,380 respectively, of the operating lease receivables balance. The same client accounted for 4% (Unaudited) and 5% (Unaudited) of the total rental income of Entity for the nine-months period ended September 30, 2025, and 2024, respectively. No other client accounted for more than 10% of the total rental income of the Entity for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2025, and 2024.

iv. *Leasing agreements*

Operating leases relate to non-cancellable lease agreements over the investment properties owned by the Entity, which generally have terms ranging between 5 to 15 years, with options to extend the term up to a total term of 20 years. Rents are customarily payable on a monthly basis and are adjusted annually according to applicable inflation indices (US and Mexican inflation indices). Security deposits are typically equal to one or two months' rent. Obtaining property insurance (third party liability) and operating maintenance are obligations of the tenants.

All lease agreements include a rescission clause that entitles the Entity to collect all unpaid rents during the remaining term of the lease agreement in the event that the client defaults in its rental payments, vacates the properties, terminates the lease agreement or enters into bankruptcy or insolvency proceedings. All lease agreements are classified as operating leases and do not include purchase options.

v. *Non-cancellable operating lease receivables*

Future minimum lease payments receivable under non-cancellable operating lease agreements are as follows:

	September 30, 2025 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2024
Not later than 1 year	\$ 258,931,544	\$ 245,419,836
Later than 1 year and not later than 3 years	435,589,150	408,682,758
Later than 3 year and not later than 5 years	407,787,467	389,084,863
Later than 5 years	<u>224,097,390</u>	<u>222,656,368</u>
	<u>\$ 1,326,405,551</u>	<u>\$ 1,265,843,825</u>

vi. *Prepaid expenses, advance payments and other receivables*

	September 30, 2025 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2024
Other accounts receivables ⁽¹⁾	2,165,345	814,508
Property expenses	4,008,225	498,874
Prepaid expenses	<u>1,967,113</u>	<u>806,163</u>
	<u>\$ 8,140,683</u>	<u>\$ 2,119,545</u>

- (1) This amount relates to non-tenant improvements carried out by Vesta in Toluca, Lagos and Querétaro Industrial Park and other tenants that remain pending to be collected as of September 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024, respectively.

8. Investment properties

The Entity uses external appraisers to determine the fair value of its investment properties. The external appraisers hold recognized and relevant professional qualifications and have vast experience in the types of investment properties owned by the Entity. The external appraisers use valuation techniques such as the discounted cash flows approach, replacement cost approach and income cap rate approach. The techniques used to estimate the fair value of the Entity's investment properties include assumptions, many of which are not directly observable in the market. These assumptions include discount rates, exit cap rates, long-term NOI, inflation rates, absorption periods, and market rents.

The values, determined by the external appraisers at each reporting date, are recognized as the fair value of the Entity's investment properties at such date. The appraisers use a discounted cash flow approach to determine the fair value of land and buildings (using the expected net operating income ("NOI") of the investment property) and a market approach to determine the fair value of land reserves. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values are included in the consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive (loss) income in the period in which they arise.

The Entity's investment properties are located in Mexico, and they are classified as Level 3 in the IFRS fair value hierarchy. The following table provides information about how the fair values of the investment properties are determined (in particular, the valuation technique and inputs used).

Property	Fair value hierarchy	Valuation techniques	Significant unobservable inputs	Value/range (Unaudited)	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value
Buildings and land	Level 3	Discounted cash flows	Discount rate	Q3 2025: 8.00% to 12.19% 2024: 7.25% to 12.26%	The higher the discount rate, the lower the fair value.
			Exit cap rate	Q3 2025: 6.50% to 9.25% 2024: 6.50% to 9.25%	The higher the exit cap rate, the lower the fair value
			Long-term NOI	Based on contractual rent and then on market related rents	The higher the NOI, the higher the fair value.
			Inflation rates	Mexico: Q3 2025: 3.59% to 4.00% 2024: 3.64% to 4.00% U.S.: Q3 2025: 2.20% to 3.00% 2024: 2.30% to 3.00%	The higher the inflation rate, the higher the fair value.
			Absorption period	12 months on average	The shorter the absorption period, the higher the fair value.
			Market Related rents	Depending on the park/state	The higher the market rent, the higher the fair value
Land reserves	Level 3	Market value	Price per acre	Weighted average price per acre is \$218,335 in Q3 2025, \$173,772 in 2024	The higher the price, the higher the fair value.

The table below sets forth the aggregate values of the Entity's investment properties for the years indicated:

	September 30, 2025 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2024
Buildings and land	\$ 3,747,627,107	\$ 3,686,540,000
Land improvements	769,567	769,567
Land reserves	<u>214,330,988</u>	<u>114,321,825</u>
	3,962,727,662	3,801,631,392
Less: Cost to conclude construction in-progress	<u>(47,655,817)</u>	<u>(104,863,123)</u>
Balance at end of period	<u>\$ 3,915,071,845</u>	<u>\$ 3,696,768,269</u>

The reconciliation of investment property is as follows:

	September 30, 2025 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2024
Balance at beginning of year	\$ 3,696,768,269	\$ 3,212,164,164
Additions	218,685,105	232,948,847
Foreign currency translation effect	8,559,793	(16,639,636)
Disposal of investment properties	(5,100,000)	(2,452,767)
Derecognition due to loss of investment properties	(409,946)	-
(Loss) gain on revaluation of investment property	<u>(3,431,376)</u>	<u>270,747,661</u>
Balance at end of period	<u>\$ 3,915,071,845</u>	<u>\$ 3,696,768,269</u>

A total of \$4,933,642 and \$14,799,150 additions to investment property related to land reserves, existing properties and new buildings acquired from third parties that were not paid as of September 30, 2025, and 2024, respectively, and were therefore excluded from the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows for those periods.

On August 5, 2025, the Entity sold investment property located in Chihuahua totaling 135,310 square feet for \$5,500,000, the cost associated with the sale was \$5,100,000, generating a gain in sale of investment property of \$400,000.

On April 7, 2025, the Entity recognized a loss related to the investment properties in Baja California, the cost associated with the sinister was \$409,946.

On January 24, 2024, the Entity sold a land reserve located in Queretaro totaling 64,583 square feet for \$780,000, the cost associated with the sales was \$530,000, generating a gain in sale of investment property of \$250,000. Additionally, the Entity sold a land reserve located in Aguascalientes, totaling 699,654 square feet, for \$4,290,000. The cost associated with this sale was \$1,922,767, resulting in a gain of \$2,367,233.

Some of the Entity's investment properties have been pledged as collateral to secure its long-term debt.

9. Entity as lessee

1. Right-of-use:

Right-of-use	January 1, 2025	Additions	Disposals	September 30, 2025 (Unaudited)
Office space	\$ 2,552,121	\$ 1,276,841	\$ -	\$ 3,828,962
Vehicles and office equipment	<u>1,154,358</u>	<u>237,206</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,391,564</u>
Cost of right-of-use	<u>\$ 3,706,479</u>	<u>\$ 1,514,047</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 5,220,526</u>
Depreciation of right-of-use				
Office space	\$ (2,395,065)	\$ (323,520)	\$ -	\$ (2,718,585)
Vehicles and office equipment	<u>(777,622)</u>	<u>(227,328)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,004,950)</u>
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(3,172,687)</u>	<u>(550,848)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(3,723,535)</u>
Total	<u>\$ 533,792</u>	<u>\$ 963,199</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,496,991</u>

Rights to use	January 1, 2024	Additions	Disposals	September 30, 2024 (Unaudited)
Office space	\$ 2,552,121	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,552,121
Vehicles and office equipment	<u>791,773</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>791,773</u>
Cost of rights-of-use	<u>3,343,894</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,343,894</u>
Depreciation of rights-of-use	January 1, 2024	Additions	Disposals	September 30, 2024 (Unaudited)
Office space	\$ (1,961,025)	(328,959)	\$ -	\$ (2,289,984)
Vehicles and office equipment	<u>(548,670)</u>	<u>(91,170)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(639,840)</u>
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(2,509,695)</u>	<u>(420,129)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(2,929,824)</u>
Total	<u>\$ 834,199</u>	<u>\$ (420,129)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 414,070</u>

2. **Lease obligations:**

	January 1, 2025	Additions	Disposals	Interests accrued	Repayments	September 30, 2025 (Unaudited)
Lease liabilities	\$ 558,116	\$ 1,514,047	\$ -	\$ 63,043	\$ (628,206)	\$ 1,507,000
	January 1, 2024	Additions	Disposals	Interests accrued	Repayments	September 30, 2024 (Unaudited)
Lease liabilities	\$ 897,651	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 45,780	\$ (502,281)	\$ 441,150

3. **Analysis of maturity of liabilities by lease:**

Finance lease liabilities	September 30, 2025 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2024
Not later than 1 year	\$ 710,677	\$ 445,054
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	<u>914,023</u>	<u>161,166</u>
	1,624,700	606,220
Less: future finance cost	<u>(117,700)</u>	<u>(48,104)</u>
Total lease liability	<u>\$ 1,507,000</u>	<u>\$ 558,116</u>
Finance lease – short-term	\$ 637,008	\$ 408,373
Finance lease – long-term	<u>869,992</u>	<u>149,743</u>
Total lease liability	<u>\$ 1,507,000</u>	<u>\$ 558,116</u>

10. **Long-term debt**

On September 24, 2025, the Entity offered \$500,000,000 of Senior Notes which matures on January 30, 2033. The Notes were issued pursuant to an indenture entered into among the Entity, and The Bank of New York Mellon, which acted as trustee, registrar, paying agent, and transfer agent. The Notes were guaranteed on a senior unsecured basis. The notes bear semiannual interest at a rate of 5.500%. At the end of September 2025 the cost of such debt issuance was \$4,291,445.

On December 18, 2024, Vesta closed the previously announced \$545,000,000 Global Syndicated Sustainable Credit Facility (the "Facility") comprised of a \$345,000,000 term loan available through two tranches, for three and five years, with an 18-month availability period and a \$200,000,000 Revolving Credit Facility, substituting the Company's prior \$200,000,000 in-place un-drawn Revolving Credit Facility. The International Finance Corporation (IFC), BBVA, Citigroup, and Santander acted as Joint Lead Arrangers of the transaction. Tranche I - Three-year \$172,500,000 Term Loan, at the equivalent coupon of SOFR plus a 130 basis points applicable margin. Tranche II - Five-year \$172,500,000 Term Loan at the equivalent coupon of SOFR plus a 150 basis points applicable margin. Revolving Credit Facility - Four-year \$200,000,000 facility at the equivalent coupon of SOFR plus a 150 basis points applicable margin. The three tranches of the Credit Facility are subject to a sustainability pricing adjustment to the applicable margins, equivalent to a reduction of five basis points, which is subject to Vesta's compliance of its annual KPI target related to the total certified gross leasable area of the Company's sustainability certified buildings. Vesta paid debt issuance costs in an amount of \$5,563,162. On April 8, 2025, the Entity drew \$100,000,000 from its term loan facility in two tranches of \$50,000,000 each, with maturities of three and five years, respectively. Subsequently, on July 30 and 31, 2025, the Entity made an additional drawdown of \$50,000,000 from the Facility loan, apportioned into two tranches of \$25,000,000 each, with maturities of three and five years, respectively.

On May 13, 2021, the Entity offered \$350,000,000 of Senior Notes ("Vesta ESG Global bond 35/8 05/31") which matures on May 13, 2031. The notes bear semiannual interest at a rate of 3.625%. The cost of such debt issuance was \$7,746,222.

On June 25, 2019, the Entity entered into a 10-year senior notes series RC and 12-year senior notes series RD with various financial institutions, for and aggregated amounts of \$70,000,000 and \$15,000,000, respectively. Each series RC notes and Series RD notes bear interest on the unpaid balance at the rates of 5.18% and 5.28%, respectively.

On May 31, 2018, the Entity entered into an agreement for the issuance and sale of Series A Senior Notes of \$45,000,000 due on May 31, 2025, and Series B Senior Notes of \$45,000,000 due on May 31, 2028. Each Series A Note and Series B Note bear interest on the unpaid balance at the rates of 5.50% and 5.85%, respectively.

On November 1st, 2017, the Entity entered into a loan agreement with Metropolitan Life Insurance Company for \$118,000,000 due on December 1st, 2027. This loan bears monthly interest at a rate of 4.75%.

On September 22, 2017, the Entity entered into an agreement for an issuance and sale Series A Senior Notes of \$65,000,000 due on September 22, 2024, and Series B Senior Notes of \$60,000,000 due on September 22, 2027. Each Series A Note and Series B Note bear interest on the unpaid balance of such Series A Note and Series B Note at the rates of 5.03% and 5.31%, respectively, per annum payable semiannually on the September 22 and March 22 of each year. In August 2024, The Entity pay the principal of Seria A Senior Notes according to the agreement.

On July 27, 2016, the Entity entered into a 10-year loan agreement with Metropolitan Life Insurance Company ("MetLife") for a total amount of \$150,000,000 due in August 2026.

The long-term debt is comprised by the following notes:

Loan	Amount	Annual interest rate	Monthly amortization	Maturity	September 30, 2025 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2024
MetLife 10-year	150,000,000	4.55%	(1)	August 2026	\$ 139,689,573	\$ 141,711,651
Series B Senior Note	60,000,000	5.31%	(3)	September 2027	60,000,000	60,000,000
Series A Senior Note	45,000,000	5.50%	(3)	May 2025	-	45,000,000
Series B Senior Note	45,000,000	5.85%	(3)	May 2028	45,000,000	45,000,000
MetLife 10-year	118,000,000	4.75%	(2)	December 2027	101,067,328	102,334,454

Loan	Amount	Annual interest rate	Monthly amortization	Maturity	September 30, 2025 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2024
MetLife 8-year	26,600,000	4.75%	(1)	August 2026	24,836,172	25,183,482
Series RC Senior Note	70,000,000	5.18%	(4)	June 2029	70,000,000	70,000,000
Series RD Senior Note	15,000,000	5.28%	(5)	June 2031	15,000,000	15,000,000
Vesta ESG Global bond 35/8 05/31	350,000,000	3.63%	(6)	May 2031	350,000,000	350,000,000
Facility – Tranche I	75,000,000	SOFR + 130 bp	(7)	December 2027	75,000,000	-
Facility – Tranche II	75,000,000	SOFR + 150 bp	(7)	December 2029	75,000,000	-
Senior Notes 2033	500,000,000	5.50%	(8)	January 2033	500,000,000	-
					<u>1,455,593,073</u>	<u>854,229,587</u>
Less: Current portion					(166,286,873)	(49,856,047)
Less: Direct issuance cost					<u>(10,362,663)</u>	<u>(7,178,913)</u>
Total Long-term debt					<u>\$ 1,278,943,537</u>	<u>\$ 797,194,627</u>

- (1) On July 22, 2016, the Entity entered into a 10-year loan agreement with MetLife, interest on this loan is paid on a monthly basis. In March 2021, under this credit facility, an additional loan was contracted for \$26,600,000 bearing interest on a monthly basis at a fixed interest rate of 4.75%. Principal amortization over the two loans commenced on September 1, 2023. This credit facility is guaranteed with 48 of the Entity's properties.
- (2) On November 1, 2017, the Entity entered into a 10-year loan agreement with MetLife, interest on this loan is paid on a monthly basis. The loan bears monthly interest only for 60 months and thereafter monthly amortizations of principal and interest until it matures on December 1, 2027. This loan is secured by 19 of the Entity's investment properties under a Guarantee Trust. On November 28, 2023, the Entity prepaid \$12,194,600 associated with the sale of one investment property under the Guarantee trust.
- (3) Series A Senior Notes and Series B Senior Notes are not secured by investment properties of the Entity. The interest on these notes is paid on a monthly basis. The first tranche of Series A Senior Notes amounting to \$65,000,000 was settled in August 2024. As of December 31, 2024, the second tranche, amounting to \$45,000,000 and maturing in May 2025 was classified in the current portion of long-term debt and settled in advance in March 2025.
- (4) On June 25, 2019, the Entity entered into a 10-year senior notes series RC to various financial institutions, interest on these loans is paid on a semiannual basis beginning on December 14, 2019. The note payable matures on June 14, 2029. Five of its subsidiaries are jointly and severally liable to repay these notes.
- (5) On June 25, 2019, the Entity entered into a 12-year note payable to various financial institutions, interest on these loans is paid on a semiannual basis beginning December 14, 2019. The note payable matures on June 14, 2031. Five of its Entity's subsidiaries are jointly and severally liable to repay these notes.
- (6) On May 13, 2021, the Entity offered \$350,000,000 Senior Notes, Vesta ESG Global bond 35/8 05/31 with maturity on May 13, 2031. Interest is paid on a semiannual basis. The cost incurred for this issuance was \$7,746,222.

- (7) On April 8, 2025, the Entity executed a drawdown of \$100,000,000 from the Facility loan, apportioned into two tranches of \$50,000,000 each, with maturities of three and five years, respectively. On July 30 and 31, 2025, the Entity executed a drawdown of \$50,000,000 from the Facility loan, apportioned into two tranches of \$25,000,000 each, with maturities of three and five years, respectively. As of September 30, 2025, the amortization of the associated debt issuance costs amounted to \$834,474.
- (8) On September 30, 2025, the Entity offered \$500,000,000 Senior Notes with maturity on Jan 30, 2033. Interest is paid on a semiannual basis. The cost incurred for this issuance was \$4,291,445.

These credit agreements require the Entity to maintain certain financial and to comply with certain affirmative and negative covenants. The Entity is in compliance with such covenants as of September 30, 2025.

The credit agreements also entitle MetLife to withhold certain amounts deposited by the Entity in a separate fund as guarantee deposits for the debt service and tenants guarantee deposits of the Entity's investment properties pledged as collateral. Such amounts are presented as guaranteed deposit assets in the condensed consolidated interim statement of financial position.

11. Capital stock

1. Capital stock as of September 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024, is as follows:

	September 30, 2025 (Unaudited)		December 31, 2024	
	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
Fixed capital				
Series A	5,000	\$ 3,696	5,000	\$ 3,696
Variable capital				
Series B	<u>846,012,932</u>	<u>579,974,484</u>	<u>857,129,276</u>	<u>585,483,561</u>
Total	<u>846,017,932</u>	<u>\$ 579,978,180</u>	<u>857,134,276</u>	<u>\$ 585,487,257</u>

2. Shares in treasury

As of September 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024, total shares holding in treasury are as follows:

	September 30, 2025 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2024
Shares in treasury (1)	29,870,992	18,937,036
Shares in long term incentive plan trust (2)	<u>8,667,693</u>	<u>8,415,124</u>
Total share in treasury	<u>38,538,685</u>	<u>27,352,160</u>

- (1) Treasury shares are not included in the Total Capital Stock of the Entity, they represent the total stock outstanding under the repurchase program approved by the resolution of the general ordinary stockholders meeting on March 13, 2020.
- (2) Shares in long-term incentive plan trust are not included in the Total Capital Stock of the Entity. The trust was established in 2018 in accordance with the resolution of the general ordinary stockholders meeting on January 6, 2015, as the 20-20 Long Term Incentive Plan, this compensation plan was extended for the period 2021 to 2025, "Long Term Incentive Plan" by a resolution of the general ordinary stockholders meeting on March 13, 2020. Such trust was created by the Entity as a vehicle to distribute shares to employees under the mentioned incentive plan (see Note 19 and is consolidated by the Entity. The shares granted to the eligible executives and deposited in the trust accrue dividends for the employee any time the ordinary shareholders receive dividends and those dividends do not need to be returned to the Entity if the executive forfeits the granted shares.

3. Fully paid ordinary shares

	Number of shares	Capital stock	Additional paid-in capital
Balance as of January 1, 2024	\$ 870,109,128	\$ 591,600,113	\$ 934,944,456
Vested shares	4,257,018	2,475,270	6,355,460
Repurchase of shares	<u>(17,231,870)</u>	<u>(8,588,126)</u>	<u>(35,577,664)</u>
Balance as of December 31, 2024	857,134,276	585,487,257	905,722,252
Vested shares	4,227,426	2,045,268	6,964,825
Share-based payments	126,226	65,627	283,509
Repurchase of shares	<u>(15,469,996)</u>	<u>(7,619,972)</u>	<u>(28,795,873)</u>
Balance as of September 30, 2025 (Unaudited)	<u>\$ 846,017,932</u>	<u>\$ 579,978,180</u>	<u>\$ 884,174,713</u>

4. Dividend payments

Pursuant to a resolution of the General Ordinary Stockholders Meeting on March 19, 2025, the Entity declared dividends totaling \$69,537,973, approximately \$0.018 per share, to be paid in four equal installments of \$17,384,493 each. The first and second installments were paid on April 15 and July 15, 2025. As of September 30, 2025, the remaining unpaid dividend, amounting to \$34,768,986, will be paid in two installments on October 15, 2025, and January 19, 2026.

Pursuant to a resolution of the General Ordinary Stockholders Meeting on March 30, 2024, the Entity declared dividends totaling \$64,686,487, approximately \$0.018 per share, to be paid in four equal installments of \$16,171,622 each. The first three installments were paid on April 16, 2024, July 15, 2024, and October 15, 2024. As of December 31, 2024, the remaining unpaid dividend amounts to \$16,171,622 and was paid on January 15, 2025.

5. Earnings per share

	For the nine-month period ended	
	September 30, 2025 (Unaudited)	September 30, 2024 (unaudited)
Basic earnings per share:		
Earnings attributable to ordinary share to outstanding	\$ 67,621,867	\$ 234,173,128
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding	<u>849,627,605</u>	<u>868,983,607</u>
Basic earnings per share	<u>\$ 0.0796</u>	<u>\$ 0.2681</u>
	For the nine-month period ended	
	September 30, 2025 (Unaudited)	September 30, 2024 (Unaudited)
Diluted earnings per share:		
Earnings attributable to ordinary shares outstanding and shares in Incentive Plan Trust	\$ 67,621,867	\$ 234,173,128
Weighted average number of ordinary shares plus shares in Incentive Plan trust	<u>861,431,526</u>	<u>891,341,227</u>
Diluted earnings per share	<u>\$ 0.0785</u>	<u>\$ 0.2627</u>

12. Rental income

	For the nine-month period ended		For the three-month period ended	
	September 30, 2025	September 30, 2024	September 30, 2025	September 30, 2024
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Rents	\$ 188,870,307	\$ 171,854,221	\$ 66,043,923	\$ 58,377,122
Reimbursable building services	11,356,730	9,531,776	3,898,828	2,701,432
Energy income	<u>6,521,257</u>	<u>5,495,833</u>	<u>2,478,174</u>	<u>2,611,647</u>
Total rental income	<u>\$ 206,748,294</u>	<u>\$ 186,881,830</u>	<u>\$ 72,420,925</u>	<u>\$ 63,690,201</u>

13. Property operating costs and administration expenses

1. *Property operating costs consist of the following:*

- a. Direct property operating costs from investment properties that generate rental income during the period:

	For the nine-month period ended		For the three-month period ended	
	September 30, 2025	September 30, 2024	September 30, 2025	September 30, 2024
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Real estate tax	\$ 2,760,699	\$ 2,390,250	\$ 990,932	\$ 807,024
Insurance	1,177,830	1,015,118	422,423	318,780
Maintenance	1,540,594	1,596,024	651,847	605,518
Structural maintenance accrual	-	88,762	-	29,690
Other property related expenses	4,775,625	4,152,273	1,825,019	1,732,496
Energy costs	<u>7,019,873</u>	<u>5,693,229</u>	<u>3,336,622</u>	<u>2,179,505</u>
	<u>\$ 17,274,621</u>	<u>\$ 14,935,656</u>	<u>\$ 7,226,843</u>	<u>\$ 5,673,013</u>

- b. Direct property operating costs from investment property that do not generate rental income during the period:

	For the nine-month period ended		For the three-month period ended	
	September 30, 2025	September 30, 2024	September 30, 2025	September 30, 2024
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Real estate tax	\$ 424,409	\$ 406,300	\$ 150,209	\$ 136,556
Insurance	67,820	37,060	23,038	11,796
Maintenance	412,386	410,169	152,934	172,715
Other property related expenses	<u>1,784,008</u>	<u>1,386,223</u>	<u>682,682</u>	<u>485,579</u>
	<u>2,688,623</u>	<u>2,239,752</u>	<u>1,008,863</u>	<u>806,646</u>
Total property operating costs	<u>\$ 19,963,244</u>	<u>\$ 17,175,408</u>	<u>\$ 8,235,706</u>	<u>\$ 6,479,659</u>

2. General and administrative expenses consist of the following:

	For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2025 (Unaudited)		For the three-month period ended September 30, 2025 (Unaudited)	
	September 30, 2024 (Unaudited)		September 30, 2024 (Unaudited)	
Employee annual salary plus short-terms benefits	\$ 11,583,306	\$ 13,698,337	\$ 3,873,473	\$ 3,679,491
Other administrative expenses	3,182,751	694,779	826,277	694,779
Auditing, legal and consulting expenses	1,524,915	1,608,872	353,855	225,236
Property appraisal and other fees	445,514	453,658	150,843	147,997
Marketing expenses	564,497	748,795	180,221	233,339
Other	40,950	125,696	(29,870)	(122,754)
	<u>17,341,933</u>	<u>17,330,137</u>	<u>5,354,799</u>	<u>4,858,088</u>
	For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2025 (Unaudited)		For the three-month period ended September 30, 2025 (Unaudited)	
	September 30, 2024 (Unaudited)		September 30, 2024 (Unaudited)	
Depreciation	1,244,039	899,354	494,869	425,616
Share-based compensation expense - Note 19.4	<u>7,105,587</u>	<u>6,952,514</u>	<u>2,476,737</u>	<u>2,147,902</u>
Total general and administrative expenses	<u>\$ 25,691,559</u>	<u>\$ 25,182,005</u>	<u>\$ 8,326,405</u>	<u>\$ 7,431,606</u>

14. Other income

	For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2025 (Unaudited)		For the three-month period ended September 30, 2025 (Unaudited)	
	September 30, 2024 (Unaudited)		September 30, 2024 (Unaudited)	
Non-tenant electricity income	\$ 2,446,521	\$ 2,782,042	\$ 974,254	\$ 925,766
Insurance	969,032	138,906	-	121,198
Inflationary effect on tax recovery	53,313	327,044	53,123	238,557
Others	<u>186,442</u>	<u>159,041</u>	<u>169,035</u>	<u>85,736</u>
Total	<u>\$ 3,655,308</u>	<u>\$ 3,407,033</u>	<u>\$ 1,196,412</u>	<u>\$ 1,371,257</u>

15. Other expenses

	For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2025 (Unaudited)		For the three-month period ended September 30, 2025 (Unaudited)	
	September 30, 2024 (Unaudited)		September 30, 2024 (Unaudited)	
Non-tenant electricity expense	\$ 1,828,215	\$ 2,494,807	\$ 525,908	\$ 810,917
Commissions paid	115,483	163,252	28,734	53,717
Others	<u>109,309</u>	<u>1,655,532</u>	<u>68,816</u>	<u>33,286</u>
Total	<u>\$ 2,053,007</u>	<u>\$ 4,313,591</u>	<u>\$ 623,458</u>	<u>\$ 897,920</u>

16. Finance cost

	For the nine-month period ended	
	September 30, 2025	September 30, 2024
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Interest on loans and others	\$ 32,519,853	\$ 32,285,679
Loan prepayment fees	<u>1,942,167</u>	<u>1,408,330</u>
Total	<u>\$ 34,462,020</u>	<u>\$ 33,694,009</u>

17. Income taxes

The Entity is subject to Current Income Tax ("ISR"). The rate of ISR was 30%.

Income tax expense is recognized at an amount determined by multiplying the profit before tax for the interim reporting period by management's best estimate of the weighted-average annual income tax rate expected for the full financial year, adjusted for the tax effect of certain items recognized in full in the interim period. As such, the effective tax rate in the interim financial statements may differ from management's estimate of the effective tax rate for the annual financial statements.

The Entity's consolidated effective tax rate for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2025, y 2024 (Unaudited) was 50.1% and 17.1%, respectively.

The effective ISR rates for fiscal period ended September 30, 2025, and December 2024 differ from the statutory rate as follows:

	September 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
	(Unaudited)	
Statutory rate	30%	30%
Effects of exchange rates on tax balances	24%	22%
Effects of inflation	<u>(4%)</u>	<u>(4%)</u>
Effective rate	<u>50%</u>	<u>48%</u>

18. Transactions and balances with related parties

Compensation of key management personnel and board members

The remuneration of Entity's management and key executives is determined by the remuneration committee taking in to account the individual performance of the officer and market trends. The performance bonus elected forshare-based compensation includes a 20% premium (Equity plus).

The following table details the general and administrative expense of the annual salary plus short-term benefits as well as the Long-term incentive plan and Equity plus that are reflected in the general and administrative expense of the Entity:

	For the nine-month period ended		For the three-month period ended	
	September 30, 2025	September 30, 2024	September 30, 2025	September 30, 2024
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Short-term benefits	\$ 5,206,845	\$ 5,382,281	\$ 1,760,899	\$ 1,860,820
Share-based compensation expense	<u>6,691,671</u>	<u>6,952,515</u>	<u>2,336,235</u>	<u>2,147,902</u>
	<u>\$ 11,898,516</u>	<u>\$ 12,334,796</u>	<u>\$ 4,097,134</u>	<u>\$ 4,008,722</u>
Number of key executives	28	24	28	24

The following table details the general and administrative expense of the board members compensation in shares, that are reflected in the general and administrative expense of the Entity:

	For the nine-month period ended		For the three-month period ended	
	September 30, 2025	September 30, 2024	September 30, 2025	September 30, 2024
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Share-based compensation expense board members	<u>413,915</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>140,502</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 413,915</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 140,502</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Number of board members	16	-	16	-

19. Share-based payments

19.1 Share units granted during the period

Vesta Long Term Incentive Plan - a total of 3,978,481 and 3,722,427 shares were granted during the nine-months periods ended September 30, 2025, and 2024, respectively (unaudited).

During the three-months period ended March 31, 2025, Vesta granted a total of 126,228 shares to its board members as compensation for services provided during the prior year.

19.2 Share units vested during the period

A total of 4,353,652 and 4,257,018 shares vested during the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2025, and 2024, respectively under the Vesta Long Term Incentive Plan, the short-term incentive plan and the shares to its board members (unaudited).

19.3 Share awards outstanding at the end of the period

As of September 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024, there are 8,597,214 (unaudited) and 8,277,974 shares outstanding with a weighted average remaining contractual life of 24 months.

19.4 Compensation expense recognized

The long-term incentive expense for the key executives for the nine months ended September 30, 2025, and 2024 was as follows:

	For the nine-month period ended		For the three-month period ended	
	September 30, 2025	September 30, 2024	September 30, 2025	September 30, 2024
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Vesta 20-20 Incentive Plan	<u>\$ 6,691,671</u>	<u>\$ 6,952,514</u>	<u>\$ 2,336,235</u>	<u>\$ 2,147,900</u>

Compensation expense related to these plans will continue to be accrued through the end of the service period.

The Share-based compensation expense for the board members for the nine months ended September 30, 2025, and 2024 was as follows:

	For the nine-month period ended		For the three-month period ended	
	September 30, 2025	September 30, 2024	September 30, 2025	September 30, 2024
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Share-based compensation expense	<u>\$ 413,915</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 140,502</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

20. Interest rate risk management

The Entity minimizes its exposure to interest rate risk by borrowing funds at fixed rates. This minimizes interest rate risk together with the fact that properties owned by the Entity generate a fixed income in the form of rental income which is indexed to inflation.

21. Litigation and commitments

Litigation

In the ordinary course of business, the Entity is party to various legal proceedings. The Entity is not involved in any litigation or arbitration proceeding for which the Entity believes it is not adequately insured or indemnified, or which, if determined adversely, would have a material adverse effect on the Entity or its financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Commitments

All rights to construction, improvements and infrastructure built by the Entity in the Queretaro Aerospace Park and in the DSP Park automatically revert back to the government of the State of Queretaro and to Nissan at the end of the concessions, which is approximately in 40 and 33 years, respectively.

22. Events after the reporting period

The third installment of the 2025 declared dividends was paid on October 15, 2025, by approximately \$0.0814 per share, for a total dividend of \$17,384,493.

On October 9, 2025, the Entity prepaid the MetLife 10-year and MetLife 8-year loans, originally scheduled to mature in August 2026 for approximately \$164,480,197

On October 22, 2025, the Entity acquired 330 acres of land in Monterrey, in the high-demand Monterrey-Apodaca Airport Highway corridor, with an initial payment of US\$ 46.9 million, equivalent to 50% of the total price. The deal included 2-year seller financing, providing flexible capital deployment. The site benefits from a strategic location next to the Monterrey International Airport and Nuevo León's Research and Technology Innovation Park, offering exceptional connectivity and direct access to a highly skilled labor pool.

23. Condensed consolidated interim financial statements issuance authorization

The accompanying condensed consolidated interim financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on October 23, 2025.

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